

Trimec. CRABGRASS

PLUS LAWN WEED KILLER

CONCENTRATE





Kills Crabgrass And Over 200 Listed Weeds*

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
2,4-D, dimethylamine salt	6.42%
Quinclorac	2.13%
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	0.60%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	. 90.85%
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

0.456 lb 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 5.33%. 0.182 lb 3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinecarboxylic acid per gallon or 2.13%. 0.043 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 0.50%. Isomer Specific By AOAC Methods.









See attached booklet for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use (including First Aid and Storage and Disposal).

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

*See inside booklet for a complete list of weeds controlled

NET CONTENTS: ONE GALLON





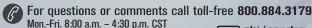
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Won't Harm Lawnst

→ Getting Started

- Kills: Crabgrass, foxtail and most troublesome broadleaf weeds including dandelion, clover, thistle, and over 200 other weeds listed.
- Where to Use: On established lawns without harming lawn grasses when used as directed (do not use on Bahiagrass, Bentgrass (colonial and creeping), Carpetgrass, Centipedegrass, Dichondra, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, and turfgrass species that are not listed on this label.) See inside label for complete directions.
- Amount to Use: Bermudagrass, Fescues, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass & Zoysiagrass: Spot Treatments: Mix 2.5 fl. oz. (5 Tbsp) in 1 gallon of water to treat 400 sq. ft. Entire Lawn Treatments:
 - Pump Style Sprayer: Mix 6.4 fl. oz. in 0.5 to 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.
 - Hose-End Sprayer: Apply 6.4 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. See inside label for sprayer settings.
 - 12 Volt & Tow-Behind Sprayers: Mix 6.4 fl. oz. in 0.5 to 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft.
- → **Coverage:** This gallon bottle treats 20,000 sq. ft.



Mon.-Fri. 8:00 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. GS1

or visit: GordonsUSA.com

See inside pages for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use (including First Aid and Storage and Disposal).

761/2-2021 AP040616 EPA REG. NO. 2217-896

EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1 (01), 2217-KS-2 (02)

Circled digit is first digit of lot number.

†When used as directed



±761200



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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION



READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Harmful if swallowed. When using this product, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves.

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. After using this product, rinse gloves before removing, remove clothing and launder separately before reuse, and promptly and thoroughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water. Remove saturated clothing as soon as possible and shower.

User Safety Recommendations

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
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Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

1. Use Restrictions

- · For residential lawn use only.
- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application. Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
- Use on established lawns. Do not use on Bahiagrass, Bentgrass (colonial and creeping), Carpetgrass, Centipedegrass, Dichondra, Gardens (including vegetables, fruit trees, vines and berries), Ornamental plants (flowers, trees, groundcovers, landscape beds and shrubs), Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, and turfgrass species that are not listed on this label.)
- Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85°F.
- Do not use clippings from the treated areas as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.
- Do not apply this product to food crops (gardens, fruits, and vegetables), forage crops, or ornamental plants including flowers, trees, shrubs, hedges, woody ornamentals, groundcovers established in landscape planting and other nontarget plants.
- . Do not spray exposed roots of ornamentals and trees.

Spray Drift Management

It is the responsibility of the applicator to avoid spray drift at the application site. Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable broadleaf plants, as small amounts of this product can damage sensitive plants near the treated area. If desirable plants are accidentally sprayed, immediately rinsing leaves with water may reduce or eliminate plant damage.

2. How Much To Apply

For Bermudagrass (common and hybrid), Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, mixtures of cool season grasses containing fine fescues (red, hard and chewings), Ryegrass (perennial and annual), Tall Fescue, and Zoysiagrass

Spot Treatments: Mix 2.5 fl.oz. (5 Tbsp) in 1 gallon of water to treat 400 sq.ft.

Entire Lawn Treatments:

- Pump Style Sprayer: Mix 6.4 fl.oz. in 0.5 to 1 gallon of water to treat 1.000 sg.ft.
- Hose-End Sprayer: Apply 6.4 fl.oz. per 1,000 sq.ft.
- 12 Volt & Tow-Behind Sprayers: Mix 6.4 fl.oz. in 0.5 to 1 gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq.ft.

Over-application or rates above those specified on this label can cause turf injury.

3. When To Use

Apply this product when weeds are small and actively growing.

Weed Species	Timing	Comments
Crabgrass (large and smooth):	Apply in spring from crabgrass emergence until the crabgrass is 3 to 4 inches in height.	Re-treat at the same rate at 21 days later for dense populations or for continued crabgrass emergence.
Foxtail (green, giant and yellow):	Apply in spring and early summer during the early growth stages or when foxtail is 1 to 4 inches in height.	Re-treat at the same rate at 21 days later for dense populations.

(continued on next page)

Weed Species (cont.)	Timing (cont.)	Comments (cont.)
Broadleaf signalgrass	Apply in spring and early summer during the early growth stages or during the 3 to 7 leaf stage.	Re-treat at the same rate at 21 days later if needed.
Dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed and other listed broadleaf weeds	Apply in spring when broadleaf weeds are small and actively growing.	Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture.
Henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed and other listed broadleaf weeds	Apply in fall when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing.	Apply when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture.

The maximum application rate is 6.4 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application. The maximum number of applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 21 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 12.8 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft.

4. How To Apply

4.1 Pump Style Sprayers

Ideal for spraying individual weeds.

- 1. Add the appropriate amount of water and concentrate to the sprayer tank.
- 2. Close sprayer, shake well, and pump handle to pressurize.
- 3. Adjust nozzle to deliver a coarse spray pattern.
- 4. To broadcast over large areas: apply evenly to treated area.
- 5. To treat individual weeds: spray to wet weed leaf surfaces.
- 6. Re-pressurize the sprayer as needed to maintain a good spray pattern.

4.2 12 Volt & Tow-Behind Boom Sprayers

Ideal for treating large country and suburban lawns.

- 1. To calibrate your application equipment consult your equipment owner's manual for speed and pressure settings required to deliver 0.5 to 1 gallon of spray solution to treat 1,000 sq.ft. For example, at 4 mph a sprayer might deliver 1/2 gallon per 1,000 sq.ft. at 40 psi.
- To apply evenly, drive at a constant speed that delivers the prescribed amount of spray required for the area to be treated.
- 3. Mix the appropriate amount of product and water in the sprayer using the following tables as a guide.

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Table 1: 12 Volt & Tow-Behind Sprayers: Application Guide (Examples)			
Tank Size	Spray Volume	Coverage Area	Concentrate To Add To Tank
15 gal	0.5 gal/1000 sq.ft.	30,000 sq.ft.	192 fl.oz. (1.5 gal)
15 yai	1 gal/1000 sq.ft.	15,000 sq.ft.	96 fl.oz. (0.75 gal)
25 gal	0.5 gal/1000 sq.ft.	50,000 sq.ft.	320 fl.oz. (2.5 gal)
25 yai	1 gal/1000 sq.ft.	25,000 sq.ft.	160 fl.oz. (1.25 gal)

For spot treatments with 12 Volt & Pull Behind Sprayers

See rates under "How Much To Apply," Spot Treatments.

4.3 Dial Style Hose-End Sprayers

Ideal for treating medium-sized lawns.

- 1. Fill sprayer with sufficient concentrate to cover the total area to be treated. DO NOT ADD WATER.
- 2. Close sprayer and set dial to 2.5 oz.
- 3. Connect sprayer to hose.
- 4. Extend hose to furthest point from faucet. Walking back towards the faucet, begin spraying, avoiding contact with the treated area.
- 5. Pour any unused product back into this container.

4.4 Concentrate Plus Water Hose-End Sprayers

Ideal for treating medium-sized lawns.

- Fill sprayer with sufficient concentrate to cover the total area to be treated. Pour product into sprayer jar to the "Fluid Oz." level desired (See sprayer jar for markings)
- 2. Add the appropriate amount of water to the "Gallons" level indicated on the side of the sprayer jar.
- 3. Close sprayer, connect to garden hose, shake well.
- Extend hose to furthest point from faucet. Walking back towards the faucet, begin spraying, avoiding contact with the treated area.

5. Use Precautions

- · Apply when weeds are young and actively growing.
- Delay mowing 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product.
- If the lawn is dry, water 24 hours before using this product.
- Do not water lawn within 24 hours of treatment.
- For new lawns, apply only when grass is well-established (approximately 6 weeks after seedling emergence) or after the third mowing.
- Bare spots may be seeded 3 to 4 weeks after application.
- Spray when air temperatures are cooler than 90°F.
- Avoid applications during the spring transition of the warm season grasses and during periods of extremely high temperatures.
- Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85°F.

6. Grass and Broadleaf Weeds Killed

GRASS WEEDS		
Crabgrass, large and smooth	Foxtail, green, yellow and giant	Signalgrass, broadleaf

BROADLEAF WEEDS		
Annual yellow sweetclover	Buckhorn	Clover, sweet
Aster	Buckhorn plantain	Clover, white
Austrian fieldcress	Bulbous buttercup	Cockle
Bedstraw	Bull thistle	Cocklebur
Beggarticks	Bullnettle	Common mullein
Betony, Florida	Burclover	Creeping Jenny (Creeping
Bindweed, field	Burdock	Charlie)
Bird vetch	Burning nettle	Cudweed
Bitter wintercress	Burweed	Curly dock
Bittercress, hairy	Buttercup	Daisy, English
Bitterweed	Buttonweed	Daisy fleabane
Black-eyed Susan	Canada thistle	Daisy, oxeye
Black medic	Carolina geranium	Dandelion
Black mustard	Carpetweed	Dichondra
Blackseed plantain	Catchweed bedstraw	Dogbane
Blessed thistle	Catnip	Dogfennel
Bloodflower milkweed	Catsear	Dollarweed
Blue lettuce	Chickweed, common	False dandelion
Blue vervain	Chickweed, mouseear	Falseflax
Bracted plantain	Chicory	False sunflower
Brassbuttons	Cinquefoil	Fiddleneck
Bristly oxtongue	Clover, crimson	Florida pusley
Broadleaf dock	Clover, hop	Frenchweed
Broadleaf plantain	Clover, red	Galinsoga
Broomweed	Clover strawberry	(cont_on_next_page)

BROADLEAF WEEDS (cont.)

Goathead
Goldenrod
Ground ivy
Gumweed
Hairy fleabane
Hawkweed
Healall
Heartleaf drymary
Heathaster
Hedge bindweed
Hedge mustard
Hemp
Henbit

Hoary cress Hoary plantain Hoary vervain Horsenettle Jimsonweed

Knawel Knotweed

Kochia

Lambsquarters Lespedeza Mallow Matchweed

Mexicanweed Milk vetch Morningglory

Mouseear hawkweed

Mugwort Musk thistle Mustard

Narrowleaf plantain Narrowleaf vetch

Nettle

Orange hawkweed Oriental cocklebur Oxalis

Parsley-piert Parsnip Pearlwort Pennycress Pennywort Peppergrass Pepperweed Pigweed

Pineywoods bedstraw Plains coreopsis (tickseed)

Plantain Poison ivy Poison oak

Pokeweed Poorjoe Prairie sunflower Prickly lettuce

Prickly sida Prostrate knotweed Prostrate pigweed Prostrate spurge Prostrate vervain Puncturevine

Purslane, common Ragweed Red sorrel

Redroot pigweed Redstem filaree Rough cinquefoil

Rough fleabane Russian pigweed Russian thistle Scarlet pimpernel

Scotch thistle Sheep sorrel Shepherd's purse

Slender plantain Smallflower galinsoga Smooth dock

Smooth pigweed Sorrel

Sowthistle Spanish needles Speedwell

Spiny amaranth Spiny cocklebur Spiny sowthistle

Spotted catsear

(cont. on next page)

BROADLEAF WEEDS (cont.)

Spurweed Stinging nettle Strawberry, India mock Tall nettle Tall vervain Tansy ragwort Tansy mustard Tanweed Thistle Trailing crownvetch Tumble mustard Tumble pigweed

Spotted spurge

Velvetleaf Venice mallow

Virginia buttonweed

Virginia pepperweed Wavyleaf bullthistle Western clematis Western salsify White mustard Wild aster Wild buckwheat Wild carrot Wild four-o'clock Wild garlic Wild geranium Wild lettuce

Virginia creeper

Wild marigold Wild mustard

Wild onion

Wild parsnip Wild radish

Wild rape Wild strawberry

Wild sweet potato Wild vetch

Wild violet Woodsorrel Woolly croton Woolly morningglory

Woolly plantain Wormseed Yarrow

Yellow rocket

Yellowflower pepperweed

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children and pets.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

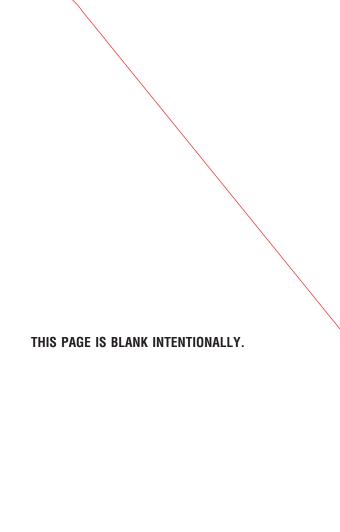
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761/2-2021 AP040616 EPA REG. NO. 2217-896 EPA EST. NO. 2217-KS-1 (01), 2217-KS-2 (02)

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