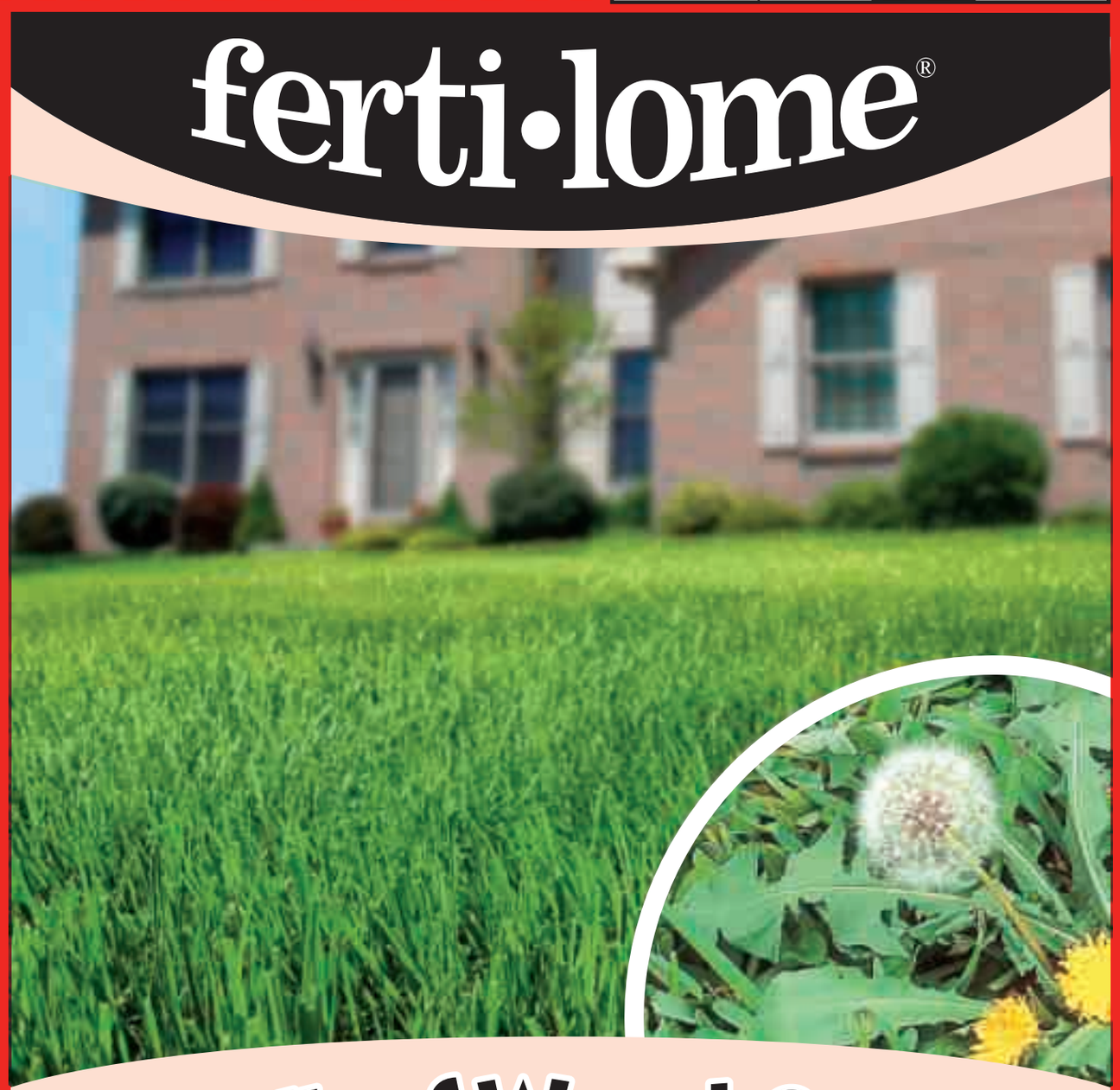
62719-178-7401_ferti-lome Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery_20211123_195_7401_.pdf

ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery® 10885

ISOXABEN | GROUP 21 | HERBICIDE

ferti•lome®



Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®

- A pre-emergent herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds and suppression of annual grasses in landscape ornamentals and home lawns
- Intended for use on residential sites

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
isoxaben: N-[3-(1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl)-5-isoxazolyl]- 2, 6-dimethoxybenzamide and isomers	0.38%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	99.62%
TOTAL:	100.00%

Contains 0.09 lb active ingredient per 25 lb bag.

Not for sale, distribution or use in New York State

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

SEE BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY INFORMATION INCLUDING DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

NET WEIGHT 10 LBS. (4.53 KG)

Covers Up To 2,000 Sq. Ft.

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ferti•lome®

Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®

NOTICE: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies elsewhere on this label. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Causes Eye Irritation • Harmful If Swallowed, Inhaled Or Absorbed Through The Skin.

Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF INHALED:	• Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	• Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.	

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Sweeping any product that lands on a driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto the treated area of the lawn or garden will help to prevent runoff to water bodies or drainage systems.

Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory: This pesticide may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soil and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of isoxaben from runoff water and sediment.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read all directions carefully before applying this product.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container. Protect stored product from moisture. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800-992-5994 for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product contains Gallery®, a pre-emergent herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds and suppression of annual grasses in established turfgrass and landscape ornamentals. Apply in late summer to early fall, in early spring, or anytime prior to germination of target weeds.

Precautions

ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery® controls weeds germinating from seed. **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** does not control established weeds. Existing weeds should be controlled with post-emergent herbicides. To insure optimal herbicidal response, water treated areas as soon as possible after application. A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inch or more is required to activate this product.

Use Restrictions

Do not apply more than 19 lb of **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** per 1000 sq. ft.
Not for sale, distribution or use in New York State.
Do not apply by air.
Do not apply Gallery Turf Fertilizer to turfgrass grown for seed.

Treatment of Turfgrass or Ornamental Species not Listed on the Label for ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®

Users who wish to use **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** on a plant species not listed on this label must determine the suitability for such use by treating a small area or a small number of plants at a specified rate. Prior to treating a larger area observe the treated area/ plants for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30 to 60 days of typical growing conditions.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** using a drop or rotary-type spreader designed to apply granular fertilizer. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing granules uniformly. Do not use spreaders that apply material in narrow concentrated bands. Avoid skips or overlaps as poor weed control or plant injury may occur. More uniform application may be achieved by spreading half of the required amount of product over the area and then applying the remaining half in swaths at right angles to the first. When using a drop-type spreader, a splash board mounted below the release point will provide more even granule distribution.

Broadcast Application Rates

Apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** at a broadcast rate of 4.6 to 5.7 lb per 1000 sq. ft. A minimum rate of 4.6 lb per 1000 sq. ft. will provide optimum results. Use the higher rate in the rate range where heavy weed infestation is anticipated.

WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

Weeds controlled when applied at 4.6 to 5.7 lb per 1000 sq. ft.

Burweed, Iawn	Henbit	Speedwell, Thymeleaf
Buttercup	Knotweed, Prostrate	Spurge, Prostrate
Celery, Wild	Mallow, Little	Spurge, Spotted
Chickweed, Common	Parsley - Piert	Spurry, Corn
Chickweed, Mouseear	Pennywort, Lawn	Woodsorrel, Creeping
Foolsparsely	Pineappleweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow
Geranium, Carolina		

Weeds partially controlled by a single application or controlled by repeat applications when applied at 4.6 to 5.7 lb per 1000 sq. ft.

Clover, Spp.[1]	Plantain, Broadleaf
Clover, White[1]	Plantain, Buckhorn
Dandelion[1]	Plantago, Slender
Medic, Black	

Weeds suppressed or partially controlled when applied at 4.6 to 5.7 lb per 1000 sq. ft.

Bluegrass, Annual
Crabgrass
Ryegrass, Annual (Italian)

[1]From seed only

10885-0820-TP

VPG Voluntary Purchasing Groups, Inc.
230 FM 87 • BONHAM, TEXAS 75418

EPA Reg. No.: 62719-178-7401

EPA Est. No.: 7401-TX-01 (A); 32802-MO-1 (B)

Letter in lot number corresponds to letter in parenthesis at the end of the EPA Est. No.

Product Questions? 855-270-4776

USES

TURFGRASS

ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery® may be used as a pre-emergent treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds in established cool season and warm season turfgrass. Apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** anytime prior to germination of target weeds.

Note: Refer to the Product Information section of this label for general use precautions and information on application rates and weeds controlled prior to using this product.

Use Restrictions: Apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** only on established turfgrass. Apply to newly seeded turfgrass (including overseeded turfgrass) **only** after seedlings are established (three leaf stage and side shoots are visible) and well rooted. Do not overseed established turfgrass sooner than 60 days following an application of **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®**.

- Do not apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** to Dichondra.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed 3 applications per year on St. Augustinegrass in central Florida.

ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery® may be used for use on the following turfgrass species:

Established Cool Season Turfgrass	
Bentgrass, Colonial	Fescue, Creeping Red
Bentgrass, Creeping	Fescue, Sheep
Bluegrass, Kentucky	Fescue, Tall
Fescue, Chewings	Ryegrass, Perennial

Established Warm Season Turfgrass	
Bahiagrass	Fescue, Tall
Bermudagrass	St. Augustinegrass
Centipedegrass	Zoysiagrass

ORNAMENTAL PLANTINGS

ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery® may be used as a pre-emergent treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds in landscape ornamentals. Apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** anytime prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after preparing the soil.

Note: Refer to the Product Information section of this label for general use precautions and information on application rates and weeds controlled prior to using this product.

Use Restrictions

To avoid possible plant injury, **do not** apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** to:
• Bedding plants or areas where bedding plants will be planted or transplanted within 1 year after application.

Do not apply **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** to newly transplanted ornamentals until soil or potting media has been settled by packing and irrigation or rainfall and no cracks are present or plant injury may occur.
Applications of **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** over the top of plants with newly forming buds may cause injury. Possible plant injury may be avoided by applying to the soil surface beneath ornamental plants.
When planting into a site treated with **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** in the previous 8 months, use untreated soil as fill around roots when replacing plants or injury may occur. Injury to certain ornamental plants has been observed following application of Gallery® Turf Fertilizer.

Note: To avoid plant injury, do not use **ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery®** for weed control in the following ornamental plant species.

Bugle	Carolina Rhododendron	Hydrangea	Purple Coneflower
Cajeput Tree	Dwarf Burning Bush	Mustard	Roseum Elegans
Candytuft	Green Yucca	Prince Of Wales Juniper	Rhododendron
			Spurge
			Stonecrop

ferti•lome® Broadleaf Weed Control with Gallery® may be used on the following established plant species:

TREES: Albus-Flowering Maple, Australian Tree Fern, Austrian Black Pine, Banana, Birch–River, Blue Leyland Cypress, Blue Pyramid Cypress, Bosnian Pine, Bottle Tree, Cardboard Palm, Carolina Laurel Cherry, Chilean Mesquite, Cloud Nine Dogwood, Columnar Scotch Pine, Conica-Dwarf Alberta Spruce,Coolibah Tree, Cryptomeria–Japanese, Cypress Tree, Dogwood–Flowering, Dwarf Globe Blue Spruce, Eastern Hemlock, Eastern White Pine, Eldarica Pine, Emerald Isle Leyland Cypress, English Laurel ,European Beech, Ficus, Fir–Balsam, Florida Anise-Tree, Gilt Edge Silverberry, Glauca-Colorado Blue Spruce, Hoopsii-Hoop's Blue Spruce, Japanese Black Pine, King Palm, Live Oak, Luteus-Flowering Maple, Magnolia–Southern, Mediterranean Fan Palm, Mini Ficus, Norfolk Island Pine, Palm, Parlor Palm, Pendula-Weeping Norway Spruce, Pumilio-Shrubby Swiss Mountain Pine, Queen Palm, Red Bauhinia, Red Oak, Redbud, Redcedar–Eastern, Repens-Spreading Norway Spruce, Roseus-Flowering Maple, Royal Star Magnolia, Russian Olive, Sago Palm, Scotch Pine, Shamel Ash, Silver Maple, Sourwood, Spruce–Norway, Tangerine-Flowering Maple, Tea Tree, White Pine, Willow Oak, Windmill Palm

SHRUBS: abyssinica acacia, acacia– prostrate, allgold warminster broom, America rhododendron, amur maple, andorra juniper, anthony waterer spiraea, august beauty gardenia, aureus nana-dwarf, golden arborvitae, banana shrub, bar harbor juniper, barbara karst, bearberry, bigleaf, wintercreeper, blue boy holly, blue chip juniper, blue danube azalea, blue girl holly, blue juniper, blue marguerite, blue mist bluebeard, blue rug juniper, blue star juniper, bog rosemary, boxleaf hebe, boxwood– common, bridal wreath, bristol ruby weigela, broadmoor juniper, burford holly, bush germander, bush morning glory, California gold, camellia, canadale gold, euonymus, cannon's double azalea, cape honeysuckle, cape mallow, Carolina jessamine, carror azalea, cassia– feathery, catawba album rhododendron, catawba rhododendron, charisma-monruce rhaphiolepis, cherry bomb, chihuahuan sage, China boy holly, China girl holly, Chinese lilac, Chinese plumbago, chioniodes rhododendron, chirimen marlberry, chollipo euonymus, cinquefoil, cleyera– Japanese, common witch hazel, compacta-compact inkberry holly, compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo, compacta-dwarf Japanese holly, convexa holly, copper leaf, coral bark Japanese maple, coral beauty smoke tree, coral bells azalea, cornish heather, cotoneaster– bearberry, cotoneaster– cranberry, cotoneaster– pyrenees, cotoneaster– rock, cranberry bush, crape myrtle, creeping juniper, creeping mahonia, crimson pygmy barberry, cunninham white rhododendron, daphinoides rhododendron, dark knight bluebeard, david viburnum, dolchia spiraea, doublefile viburnum, dwarf andorra juniper, dwarf brush cherry, dwarf burford holly, dwarf Chinese holly, dwarf cranberry bush, dwarf Japanese maple, dwarf ninebark, dwarf Oregon grape, dwarf pink flowering almond, dwarf plumbago, dwarf scarlet wonder rhododendron, edward goucher abelia, eichholz smoke tree, elizabeth rhododendron, emerald arborvitae, emerald sea shore juniper, escallonia, false spiraea, fashion azalea, filifera-thread cypress, first snow spiraea, floppy disc cinquefoil, flowering woodbine, foemina-hicks juniper, forest flame lily-of-the-valley, formosa azalea forsythia– border, fortunes osmanthus, fragrant daphne, fraser's photinia, fruitland silver berry, gardenia, girard roberta azalea, globosa-globe arborvitae, glossy abelia, gold spot euonymus, golden flare azalea, goldfinger potentilla, gomer waterer rhododendron, green luster holly, green pittosporum, green velvet boxwood, ground morningglory, gumpo pink azalea, harbour dwarf-heavenly bamboo, hardy red oleander, heavenly bamboo (nandina), helleri-heller's Japanese holly, henry garnet holly leaf sweetspire, hetzii's Japanese holly, himalayan cotoneaster, hino crimson azalea, hino pink azalea, hollandia-warminster broom, hollywood juniper, hot shot azalea, howardi privet, huntington blue juniper, irene koster azalea, ixora, Japanese alpine spiraea, Japanese aralia, Japanese painted fern, Japanese skimmia, java red weigela, jean marie rhododendron, klondike azalea, Koreanspice viburnum, kosteri cypress, lantana, laurel– mountain, leather leaf mahonia, lena-Scotch broom, leucothoe– coast, leucothoe– drooping, lilac time broom, lilac vine, lily-of-the-valley, little giant-dwarf arborvitae, lodense privet, lolendei monrovia pyracantha, lord roberts rhododendron, magic carpet spiraea, marmalade bush, media-old gold juniper, Mediterranean pink heather, mentor barberry, mildred azalea, miniature gardenia, minima glauca-dwarf arborvitae, minuet weigela, mountain fire lily-of-the-valley, mugo-mugho pine, mystery gardenia, nakiana-dwarf deutzia, nana compacta-heavenly bamboo, nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo, nana-dwarf hinoki cypress, nana-dwarf Japaneses garden juniper, nana-dwarf yaupon holly, needle point holly, neon flash spiraea, nigra-dark American arborvitae , nordica-inkberry holly, nova zembla rhododendron, oleander, orange flowering quince, otto luykens English laurel, Paraguay nightshade, parsonii juniper, pendula-weeping yaupon holly, pfitzer juniper, pfitzerana glauca-blue juniper, pfitzerana-pfitzer juniper, pigmy date palm, pink breath of heaven, pink dawn viburnum, pink pixie, PJM rhododendron, plum yew, Plumbago, plumosa-andorra juniper, praecox-early cotoneaster, president clay azalea, princes flower, privet– glossy, privet– Japanese, prostrata juniper, purple bell heather, purple fountain grass, putah creek, pyramidalis arborvitae, radican gardenia, ramanas rose, ramapo rhododendron, razzleberri fringe flower, red ace potentilla, red groundcover rose, red-veined enkianthus, reeve's skimmia, reijn azalea, rhaphiolepsis (India hawthorn), rheingold arborvitae, rhodie max (rosebay), rhododendron, rocket rhododendron, rose daphne, rose glow barberry, rose of sharon– red bird, rose of sharon– woodbridge, ross estey-hibiscus, roundleaf rhaphiolepis, royal purple smoke tree, ruby lace oleander, rutgers hybrid pyracantha, sago palm, salal/lemon leaf, san jose holly, santa claus fuchsia, santa cruz pyracantha, Saskatoon serviceberry, savannah holly, savin juniper, scarlet o'hara, scintillation rhododendron, senna, serotina woodbine, shirobana spiraea, shoestring acacia, shore juniper, sibirica-siberian dogwood, silver princess euonymus, sizzling pink fringe flower, slender gracilis, snow azalea, snowdrift lily-of-the-valley, snow-in-summer, spreading euonymus, spring cinquefoil, spring glory forsythia, spring torch Scotch heather, squarrosa minima cypress, staghorn sumac, stokesii Japanese holly, strawberry guava, sumac–African summersweet, sunrise variegated abelia, sunset potentilla, sunspot euonymus, sweet olive, sweet pea shrub, tamariscifolia-tam juniper, tangerine potentilla, tassel fern, teenie genie brushcherry, temple bells lily-of-the-valley, temple fire, ternstroemia– Japanese, Texas dawn, Texas sage, torulosa cypress, torulosa-hollywood juniper, tradition azalea, trailing indigo bush, tribly rhododendron, trumpet honeysuckle, unique rhododendron, valley rose lily-of-the-valley, valley valentine lily-of-the-valley, variegated evergreen euonymus, viburnum, vulcan rhododendron, walking stick, waucabusa azalea, wax leaf privet, wax Ligustrum, wax myrtle, weeping bottlebrush, wheeler's dwarf pittosporum, wichita blue juniper, william penn barberry, wintonii-blue carpet juniper, winter honeysuckle, Wintergreen, woadwaxen, woods dwarf-heavenly bamboo, woodwardii arborvitae, yaupon holly, yellow oleander, yellow tip Ligustrum, yewpine, yucca

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF USE

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. To the extent permitted by law, otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

INHERENT RISKS OF USE

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Seller. To the extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Seller's election, one of the following:

1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
2. Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent permitted by law, seller shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Seller is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall Seller be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of the Seller or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

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