





FIRST AID

Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiling unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then confinue rinsing eye.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
 HOTLINE NUMBER
 Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-420-9347 for Emergency Assistance.
 NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
 Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment. This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

 The product is a different product of the product of the

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-866-945-5033.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Runsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging the treatment area.

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool dry area away from heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

TechPac, LL.C.

TechPac, LL.C.

1000 Parkwood Circle, Suite 700

Attanta GA 30339

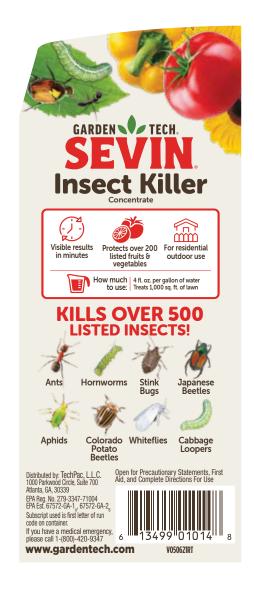
EPA Reg. No. 279-3347-/1004

EPA Est. 67572-GA-1_a, 67572-GA-2_a
Subscript used is first letter of run
code on container.

Atlanta, GA 30339 code on container.

If you have a medical emergency, please call 1-(800)-420-9347

GardenTech is a registered trademark of Gulfstream Home & Garden, Inc. Sevin is a registered trademark of Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.



FIRST AID

Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

Do not induce vomiting unless told to do

so by the poison control center or doctor.
Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If in eyes

Unconscious person.

Hold eve open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

HOYLINE NOWDER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-420-9347 for Emergency Assistance.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment. This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-866-945-5033.

this Product Call 1-866-945-5033.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pestidide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pestidied be nether or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application of the control of the control of the treatment area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets infaround ornamental ponds. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging the treatment area.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a
manner inconsistent with its labeling.
SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING
USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not treat pets with this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact adults, children, or pets, either directly or through drift.

Do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Remove pets, birds, and cover fish aquariums before

Avoid contamination of food and feedstuffs. Remove or cover exposed food and drinking water before application.

USE RESTRICTIONS - continued

Do not use in food handling establishments in which food / is held, processed, prepared, and/or served. Do not apply directly to animals. Do not use in aircraft.

FOR OUTDOOR USES

All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following

permitted uses:

(1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures;
(2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation;
(3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet.

Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces including sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (including windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications, only.

Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off.
Do not make applications during rain.
Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow this product to enter any drain during or after application.

NOTE: The application of this product to vinyl and aluminum siding (particularly lightly colored, aged, weathered or otherwise damaged) may result in staining, bleaching or discoloration. Factors including extreme heat and direct sunlight can promote damage. Before applying this product to vinyl or aluminum siding, treat a small area and evaluate 30 minutes later to allow any potential staining to occur. Regardless of the test results, do not apply to vinyl or aluminum siding while exposed to direct sunlight or during the heat of the day.

If you have a medical emergency, need consultation on diagnosis, therapy and analysis please call 1-(800) 420-9347 If you have questions relating to product use or application, please call 1-(866) 945-5033

If you have a product spill or transportation emergency call 1-(800) 424-9300 For Consumer Refund: TechPac, LLC PO Box 95437 Palatine, IL 60095-0437

Storage and Disposal
Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool dry area away from heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and

pets. Keep from freezing.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, User agrees to hold TechPac LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate applied at 4 fl. oz. per gallon of water delivers a spray solution containing 0.011% zelax-cypermethini. For all applications, this product provides control of each pest as listed in the Pest Table (see page 7).

Table (see page 7).			
	 Shake well before use. 		
	Remove measuring cap and fill cap according to chart below.		
SS	 Pour into sprayer and ac amount of water. 	dd corresponding	
JCTIC	Fl. Oz. of Sevin® Insect	Amount of Water	
FASI	1	1 Quart (32 oz)	
ME/ NSTI	2	½ Gallon (64 oz)	
-	4	1 Gallon (128 oz)	
	6	1½ Gallon (192 oz)	
	8	2 Gallon (256 oz)	
PUMP-STYLE TANK SPRAYERS	 Close sprayer tightly and pump. For spot applicati spray nozzle. For larger a fan spray nozzle. Hold tip of wand 12 inch while spraying. 	ons, use a coarse area applications, uso es from target area	
DIAL-STYLE HOSE-END SPRAYERS	 Fill sprayer jar with enouarea to be treated. DO N Close sprayer, set dial, I and apply. Pour any unused produc product's original contain 	NOT ADD WATER. nook to garden hose at back into the	
APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS	Apply where insects are expected to apper or when insects or damage are seen. Reg as necessary according to site-specific directions listed below. Apply in call weather.		

to spot and crack and crevice treatments only.

GARDEN VEGETABLES
In the table below, the Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) refers to the
minimum number of days that must pass between the date of
the last application and the date of harvest. Reapply no more
than once every seven days if insects return and provided the
Pre-Harvest intervals are followed accordingly.

VEGETABLES

(Park)

VEGETABLES	(Days)
Brassica Vegetables: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli), Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Kohlrabi, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Broccoli Raab (rapini)	1 Day

VEGETABLES	PHI (Days)
Brassica Vegetables continued: Chinese Cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Turnip Greens	1 Day
Corn (sweet)	3 Days
Cucurbit Vegetables: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible) (including hyotan, cucuza, hechima, Chinese orkra), Morrodica spo, (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (includes the cantaloupe, castaloupe, ca	1 Day
Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Peas: Dwarf Pea, Edible-pod	1 Day (Succulent
Pea, Snow Pea, Sugar Snap Pea, Pigeon Pea, English Pea, Garden Pea, Green Pea, Lentil	21 Days (Dried)
Legume Vegetables - Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans. Runner Bean, Snap Bean, Wax Bean, Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Moth Bean, Yardlong Bean, Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed), Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Black-eyed Pea, Southern Pea, Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Navy Bean, Pinto Bean, Tepary Bean, Adzuki Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Urd Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Lablab Bean	1 Day (Succulent 21 Days (Dried)
Fruiting Vegetables: Eggplant, groundcherry (Physalis spp.), okra, pepino (Melon pear), pepper (includes beil pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato	1 Day
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Cliantro (not for use on cilantro grown for seed or coriander), Com Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Fennell/Florence (finocho), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Oirach, Parsley, Purslane (garden), Purslane (winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian spinach), Swiss Chard	1 Day

VEGETABLES (Ď	PHI ays) Days
Root and Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beets): Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot, Cassava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celerip Root), Chayote (Root), Turnip-Rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horserdish, Leren, Turnip-Rooted Parsley, Parsnip, Potato, Oriental Radish (Daikon), Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify (Oyster Plant), Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tanier (Cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam Bean, Yam (True)	1 Day
Sunflowers: Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia	30 Days
Bulb Vegetables (Allium spp.): Garlic; Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant); Green Eschalots; Japanese Bunching Onions; Leeks; Onion, Dry Bulb and Green; Onion, Welch; Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green; Spring Onion or Scallions	7 Days
Peanuts	7 Days

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS

DESCRITES, PRUTIS, AND NOTION USES EVENT INSECTION IN SECTION IN S

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS	PHI (Days)
Berries Crop Group: Blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant, elderberry, goseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these	1 Day
Grapes	1 Day
Pome Fruit Group: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, and Quince.	14 Days
Stone Fruit Group: Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh).	14 Days
Tree Nuts Group: Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)	7 Days
Tropical Fruits: Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple	1 Day
Citrus Trees: Orange, Grapefruit, Lemon. Lime, Citrus Hybrids (including Tangelo), Mandarin, Tangerine, Pummelo, Calamondin, Citron, Kumquat	1 Day

6

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS,

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS,
FLOWERS, AND GROUND COVERS
Use Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate as a spot freatment for pest infestations on ornamental trees, shrubs, flowers and ground covers. Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, apply as a uniform spray. Reapply if pests return but repeat applications should be limited to no more than once per seven days. Certain plants including annuals may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.

OUTDOOR PERIMETER TREATMENTS
Apply to the point of run-off as a residual spray to vegetation including busbes and trees around buildings and other structures. For ants, apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also treat the building foundation to a height of up to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray. The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application.

LAYINS
Uniformly apply 4 fl. oz. Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate per gallon of water per 250 sq ft area. For best fresults, apply after mowing (lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application). Repeat applications are necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity.

PESTS CONTROLLED

Caterpillars, Butterflies and Moths

Caterpillars, Butterflies and Moths

Tent forming caterpillars, cocoon forming caterpillars, chrysalis forming caterpillars.

Tent forming caterpillars, cocoon forming caterpillars, chrysalis forming caterpillars, cocoon forming caterpillars, clarify caterpillars (including leaves of flowering plants, bushes and other ormamentals, vegetables and trees), azalea leafminers, green clovervorm, fruit eating caterpillars, legume feeding caterpillars, segene flowering caterpillars, segene flowering caterpillars, and learnifling caterpillars, caterpillars of the Yucca Moth family including Fairy moths and Yucca moths; Clothes moth family, bayowin moth tamily, caterpillars of the Yucca Moth family including Fairy moths and Yucca moths; Clothes moth family, bayowin moth tamily calerbillars, of the Yucca Moth family including Alianthus Webworm moth; Clear Winged moth family including Alianthus Webworm moth; Clear Winged moth family including Alianthus Webworm moth; Clear Winged moth family including California Sycamore borer, Tortricid Moth family (imillers) including Furtil Tree Learning moth; Skippers including Lears Skipper, Silver-spotted Skipper, and Long-tail Skipper, Swallowtails including Green swallowtail. Zebra Swallowtail, Gaint Swallowtail and Phoebus; Whites, Sulphurs and Orange Tips family including State Purple Hairsteak, Spring Azure, Early Hairstreak, Eastern Tailed blue, Harvester, Silvery Blue, Brown Elfin, Marine Blue, American Copper, and Gray Hairstreak, Eastern Tailed blue, Harvester, Short Butterflier family including Orthern Melalmark, Short Butterflier family including Great Purple, White Pacock, Harris Checkerspot, Painfed Lady (Thistle butterfly), American Painted Lady (Painted Beauty), Balfimore, Zebra (Vellow-barred Heliconian), Viceroy, White Admiral (Banded Purple), Mourning Cloak, Milbert's Tortoise Shell, Pead Creact, Question Mark, Buckeye, Great Spangled Frilliary, and Red Admirai, Hackberry and Goalweed Butterfly

Caterpillars, Butterflies and Moths - continued

family including Hackberry butterfly; Satyrs, Nymphs and Underwing, Locust Underwing, and Hebrew

Common Bristletails

Silverfish Family including Silverfish, and Firebrat

Springtails

Podurid Springtail family including Snow Pea, Seashore
Springtail, Enfomobryid Springtail family including Ainsley's
Springtail, Globular Springtail family

Cockroaches

Elattid Cockroach Family including Oriental Cockroach (Asiatic Cockroach, Shad Cockroach), and American Cockroach (Walerbug); Blattellid Cockroaches family including German Cockroach (Croton Bug)

Termites

Termites

Rotting-wood termite family including Pacific Coast Termite;
Subterranean termite family including subterranean termites. Not intended to replace structural treatments. For termites — Do not use this product as the sole source of control for active, structural infestations by subterranean termites; the purpose of this application is to kill workers or winged reproductive forms of termites which are present at the time of treatment. It is not a substitute for mechanical alteration, soil and foundation treatment, but merely a supplement. For active, structural infestations by subterranean termites, this product can only be used to supplement a federally registered conventional product that is registered as a sole source for termite control. This product will not eliminate termite infestations or provide protection against future infestation. infestations or provide protection against future infestation.

Earwigs

Long-Horned Earwig family including Ring-legged Earwig, and Riparian Earwig; Common Earwig family including

PESTS CONTROLLED - continued Grasshoppers & Crickets

Grasshopper & Crickets

Pygmy Grasshopper family including Azlec Pygmy
Grasshopper, Short-Homed Grasshopper family including
Cressote Bush Grasshopper, Lubber Grasshopper, Painted
Grasshopper, Carolina Loust. Dragon Lubber Grasshopper
(Gray Dragon), Three-banded Grasshopper, Red-legged Loust,
Sput-flivotated Grasshopper, Two-slipped Grasshopper,
Bruther-spotted grasshopper, Two-slipped Grasshopper,
Panther-spotted grasshopper, Two-slipped Grasshopper,
Panther-spotted grasshopper, American Bird Grasshopper,
Grasshopper, Toothpick Grasshopper, Horse Lubber
Grasshopper, Dellid-winged Grasshopper, Horse Lubber
Grasshopper (Brasshopper, Two-slipped Grasshopper,
Jallid-winged Grasshopper, Horse Lubber
Grasshopper (Brasshopper, Brasshopper)
Angular-winged Rahydid, Keeled Shield-back Katydid, California Katydid,
Angular-winged Katydid, Keeled Shield-back Katydid, Nerosake
Cone-head, Gladiator Katydid, Mescaleno Shield-back Katydid,
True Katydid (Norther Katydid), and Fork-tailed Bush Katydid,
Camel Crickets family including Spotted Camel Cricket, Sundynd,
Tree Cricket, Snow, Tree Cricket, and Black-homed Tree Cricket,
Mole Cricket family including Northern Mole Cricket and European
Mole Cricket

True Bugs

Plant Bug family including Adelphocoris Plant Bugs, Scarlet Plant bugs, Tarnished Plant Bugs, and Four-lined Plant Bugs, Assassin bug family including Bee Assassins, Wheel Bug; Ambush Bug family including Jagged Ambush Bug; Lace Bug family including Jagged Ambush Bug; Lace Bug family including Sugs Seed Bug family including Still Bugs; Laef-footed Bug family including Florida Leaf-footed Bug faef-footed Bug family including Florida Leaf-footed Bug family including Site Bugs Seed Floride Bug family including Site Bugs and Western Boxelder Bug, Stink Bug Brown Marmorated Stink Bug Grochymenas, Two-spoted Stink Bug Chorspicaus Stink Bug Brochymenas, Two-spoted Stink Bug Chorspicaus Stink Bug), Harfequin Cabbage Bug (Calico Bug, Fire Bug), and Spined Cleadas and Min.

Cicadas and Kin

Cicada family including Periodical Cicadas, Dogday Harvestfly, and Grand Western Cicada

Treehoppers

Treehopper family, including Thorn-mimic Treehopper, Oak Treehopper, Buffalo Treehopper, and Locust Treehopper

Leafhoppers

Leafhopper family including Grape Leafhopper, Scarlet-and-green Leafhopper, Sharpshooter, Spotted Lanternfly

Thrips

Banded Thrips family including Banded-wing Thrips; Common Thrips family

Beetles

Tiger Beetle Family including Beautiful Tiger Beetle, Dainty Tiger Beetle, Six-Spotted Green Tiger Beetle, and Dejean's Flightless Tiger Beetle; Ground Beetle family including Bombardier Beetle, Fiery Searcher (Caterpillar hunter),

Beetles - continued

PESTS CONTROLLED - continued

Beetles - continued

European Ground Beetle, Green Pubescent Ground
Beetle, Common Black Ground Beetle, and Boat-backed
Ground Beetle, Predacious Diving Beetle Land Boat-backed
Ground Beetle, Predacious Diving Beetle family including
Small Flat Diving Beetle, Lange Diving Beetle, and Marbied
Diving Beetle, and Small Whirligig Beetle, and Marbied
Diving Beetle, and Small Whirligig Beetle, and Marbied
Diving Beetle, and Small Whirligig Beetle, Hister Beetle
family including Hister beetles; Rove Beetle family including
Gold-and-brown Rove Beetle and Pictured Rove Beetle:
Carrion Beetle family including Margined Burying Beetle,
Carrion Beetle family including Margined Burying Beetle,
Carrion Beetle family including Margined Burying Beetle,
American Carrion Beetle, and Northern Carrion Beetle;
Carrion Beetle family including Elephant Slag Beetle, Raddis-brown Stag Beetle, Raddis-Beetle, Raddis-Alder Borer), Ivory marked Beetle, Red Milkweed Beetle (Eastern Milkweed Longhorn, Notch-tippee Flower Longhorn and Willow Borer, Seed Borer family including Bean Weevil; Leaf Beetle family including Dogwood Calligrapha, Milkweed Torloise Beetle (Argus Torloise Beetle), Dogbane Leaf Beetle Milkweed Leaf Beetle, Willow Leaf Beetle, Spotted Asparagus Beetle, Clavate Torloise Beetle, Spotted Cucumber Beetle, Waterliiy Leaf Beetle, Swamp Milkweed Leaf Beetle, Waterliiy Leaf Beetle, Swamp Milkweed Leaf Beetle, Three-lined Potato Beetle, Clot-fashioned Potato Bugl, Colorado Potato Beetle, and Girdled Leaf Beetle; Primitive

PESTS CONTROLLED - continued

Beetles - continued

Weevil family including Oak Timberworm Beetle (Primitive Weevil); Snout Beetles and Weevil family including Boll Weevil, Black Oak Acorn Weevil, Lesser Cloverleaf Weevil, Alfalfa Weevil, Pine Weevils, Rose Weevils, Agrave Bilbug, and Stored-grain Billbug (Granary Weevil, Elephant Bug); Bark and Ambrosia Beetle family including Red Turpentine Beetle, Pine and Spruce Engraver Beetles, and Bark Beetles

Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawflies

Deus, Ants, Wasps, SaWmiles
Cimbicid Sawflies family including Rusty Willow Sawfly,
Common Sawfly family including Northeastern sawfly, Hontal
armly including Pigeon Homatil, and Smokey Homitalis; Stem
Sawflies family including Raspberry Homitali; Braconids family
including Braconid Wasps; Cheneumons family including Grand Wasps; Cheneumons and Red-tailed
Ichneumons, Short-tailed Ichneumons and Red-tailed including Braconid Wasps; Ichneumons family including Giant Ichneumons, Short-tailed Ichneumons, and Red-tailed Ichneumons. Short-tailed Ichneumons and Ichneumons. Short-tailed Ichneumons. Sho Western Cuckoo Bee, California Carpenter Bee

Flies

Files
Crane fly family including Wood-boring Tupulid, Giant
Western Crane Fly, and Crane Flies; Phantom Crane Flies
including Phantom Crane Fly; Net-winged Midges including
Comstock's Net-winged Midge; Phantom Midges; Black Flies
including Black flies; March Flies family including March
Elies: Europe Grafts family including Elipung Grafts. Spine including Black flies, March Flies family including March Flies, Fungus Gnats family including Fungus Gnats Snipe Fly family including Gold-backed Snipe Fly, Stiletto Fly family including Stiletto Flies; Flower-loving Fly Smily including Stiletto Flies; Flower-loving Fly Marbly Fly family including Stiletto Flies; Flower-loving Fly, Mydas Fly, family including Mydas fly; Robber Fly family including Bearded Robber Fly, Sacken's Bee Hunter, Gaint Robber Fly, Bee Kliler (Gainf Robber Fly), and Robber Flies; Bee Flies including Bee Fly, Large Bee Flies, and Progressive bee Flies; Dance Flies including Dance Flies, Long-Legged Flies including Condylostylid Long-legged Flies, and Texan Long-legged Fly; Hover Fly, Taibk Hover Flies, Elongate Aphild Flies, Drone Flies, Bulb Flies, American Hover Flies, and Toxomerus Hover Flies, Taibk Headed Fly Kamily including Thick headed fly; Flygotid Flies; Fruit Fly family including Walnut Husk Fly, and Apple Maggot

FIES CONTROLLED - CONTINUED

Files - continued

Files - continued

Fly, Seaweed Fly family including California Seaweed
Fly, Marsh Fly family including California Seaweed
Fly, Marsh Fly family including Marsh flies; Shore fly family
including Yellowstone Brine Fly, Pomace fly family
including Yellowstone Brine Fly family including Dung
Fly, Muscid Fly family including House Fly, and Biting Stable
Fly, Louse Fly family, Blow Fly family including Blue Bottle
Fly, Screw-worm Fly, and Green Bottle Fly, Flesh Fly family
including Flesh flies; Tachind Fly, family including Beelike
Tachind Fly, Early Tachind Fly, Repetitive Tachind Fly,
Tachina Fly, and Fringe-legged Tachind Fly
Spiders

Spiders

Tachinid Fly, and Fringe-legged Tachinid Fly, Tachinia Fly, and Fringe-legged Tachinid Fly, Tachinia Fly, and Fringe-legged Tachinid Fly, Tachinia Fly, and Fringe-legged Tachinia Fly, Tachinia Fly, and Fringe-legged Tachinia Fly.

Folding trapdoor spider family including Turret spider.

Tarantula family including Desert Tarantula: Trapdoor Spider family including Seert Tarantula: Trapdoor Spider family including Brandr-ylp spiders, Spitting spider family including beart Loxosceles, and Violin Spider, Comb-footed Spider family including Desert Loxosceles, and Violin Spider, Comb-footed Spider family including Hammock Spider, and Sheet-web Weaver family including Hammock Spider, and Sheet-web Weaver family including Hammock Spider, and Sheet-web Weaver family including Hammock Spider, Spid Daddy-long-legs family including Eastern Daddy-long-legs and Brown Daddy-long-legs

Ticks

Blacklegged tick, Brown dog tick, Deer tick, Lone Star Tick

Blacklegged tick, Brown dog tick, Deer tick, Lone Star Lick
Psyllid, Whitefiles, Aphids, Mealybugs, Scale Insects
Psyllid family including American Alder Psyllid; Whitefly
family including Greenhouse Whitefly; Aphid family including
Green Apple Aphid, Rosy Apple Aphid, Rose, Pea and
Potata Aphid, Root Aphid, Coudy-winged Cottonwood Aphid,
and Giant Willow Aphid; Woolly and Gall-Making Aphid family
including Woolly Apple Aphid; Giant Scale Insects family
including Cottony Cushion Scale; Armored Scale Insects
family including Oyster Shell Scale; Mealybug family
including Long-tailed mealybug; Cochineal Bug family
including Cochineal bug

12

PESTS CONTROLLED - continued

Millipedes
Millipedes including soft millipedes, Florida millipede, Almond millipede, North American millipede and flat millipedes

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
VEGETABLES		
Brassica vegetables: Broccoil, Chinese Broccoil (gai lon, white flowering broccoil, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Kohlrabi, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Abbage (gai choy), Broccoil Raab (rapin), Chinese cabbage (look choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Turnip Greens	Com Earworm, Cucumber Beetles, Cutworm, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Leafhoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Southern Cabbageworm, Tobacco Budworm Alfalfa Looper, Armyworms, Cabbage Looper, Cabbage Webworm, Ground Beetles, Leafminers (adults), Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stinkbugs, Wireworm (adults), Aphids, and Whiteflies	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Sweet Com	Chinch Bug, Com Rootworm (Adult), Com Solikfly, Cutworms, Flea Beetle, Leafhoppers, Japanese Beetle (Adult), Sap Beetle (adults), Tarnished Plant Bug, Armyworms, Corn Borers, Corn Earworm, Grasshoppers, Aphids	Spray up to 3 days before harvesting
Cucurbit vegetables: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Ciron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible) (including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese orkra), Mormordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam apple, balsam ear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo) (includes true	Cutworms, Cabbage Looper, Cucumber Beetles, (adult), Leafhoppers, Melonworm, Pickleworm, Rindworm, Squash Bug, Squash Vine Borer, Corn Earworm, Plant Bugs, Stinkbugs	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting

Plants	Pests PI	II (Days)
VEGETABLES	\	
Cucurbit vegetables: (Continued) cantaloupe, cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydww melon, honeydww melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, anake melon). Pumpkin, Summer Squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, scallop squash, regetable marrow, zucchini), Winter Squash (includes butternut squash, acababara, hubbard squash, and spaghetti squash), and spaghetti squash, and spaghetti squash), and spaghetti squash), and spaghetti squash, and spaghetti squash), and spaghetti squash), about squash, acababara, and spaghetti squash), acababara, and spaghetti s	Cutworms, Cabbage Looper, Cucumber Beetles. (adult), Leafhoppers, Melonworm, Pickleworm, Rindworm, Squash Bug, Squash Vine Borer, Corn Earworm, Plant Bugs, Stinkbugs	Spray up to\ 1 day before harvesting
(includes hybrids and varieties) Legume Vegetables - Succulent and Dried Succulent and Dried Succulent and Bried Peas Succulent Shelled Peas Sucrober Shelled Peas Short Pea, Surar Pea, Garden Pea, Green Pea, Lentil Legume Vegetables - Succulent Shelled Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, And Dried Shelled Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, And Dried Shelled Beans, Mark Bean, Pintol Bean, Bean, Pintol Bean, Rouge, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Und Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Lablab Bean	Cutworms, Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Silverspotted Skipper, Altafla Caterpillar, Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-Striped Beath Leaf Seetle, Elister Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetle, Elister Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetle, Compoan Corn Borer, Southwestern Corn Earworm, Corn Rootworm, Corn Rootworm, Corn Rootworm, Corn Rootworm, Ground Beetle, Flea Beetle, Green Cloverworm, Ground Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Japanese Beetle, Leaf Skeletonizers, Leaffuppers, Leaffmieries (adults), Mexican Bean Beetle, Pea Wieevil, Pea Leaf Wieevil, Plant Bugs, Potato Leaffupper, Saedcom Beetle, Affalfa, Hopper, Tobacco Budworm, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Webworms, Woolly Bear Caterpillar	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting on succulent shelled or edible-podded peas or beans, and up to 21 days before harvesting for dried shelled peas or beans

Plants Pests Phil (Days) Fruiting vegetables: Eggplant, groundcherry (Physalis spp.), okra pepino (Melon pepper, chili pepper, bomatilo, tomato Spittelbug, Pepper Magot (adults), Pepper Weevil, Plant bugs, Idoaco Budwom, Tonato Fruitworm, Tonato Spittelbug, Pepper Magot (adults), Pepper Weevil, Plant bugs, Idoaco Budwom, Tonato Fruitworm, Tonato Pinworm, Aphisa, Armyworm, Beet Armyworn, Fall Cabbage Looper, Grasshoppers, Lygus Bugs, Grasshoppers, Ilygus Bugs, Grasshoppers, Ilygus Bugs, Berton Sink Bug, Imonato Psyllid, Thrips, Whitefiles Leafy vegetables: Amaranth (Realy amaranth, Chineses spinach, tampala), Arrugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthermum (edible-leaved and garland), Cllantro (not for use on cilantro grown for seed or coriander) Com Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland (yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandellon; Dock (sorrel), Endive, (escarole), Ennelle/Forence (finochio), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden), Purslane (garden), Purslane (garden) Purslane (minter) Radicchio (red Chaptage (and bear) Armyworm, Southers and rady of the varieting and the vari			
Capplant, groundcherry (Physalis spp.), okra pepino (Melon pear), epper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, chili pepper, chili pepper, coking pepper pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato Carden Vlebrom, Tea Beetle, C	Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
Amaranth (leafy maranth (leafy maranth), Chinese spinach, tampala), Arugula (Roquette), Cardon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Chines	Eggplant, groundcherry (Physalis spp.), okra pepino (Melon pear), pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper),	Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-striped Celery Leaf Tier, Colorado Potalo Beelle, Com Borer, European Corn Borer, European Corn Borer, Southwesthem Corn Earworm, Cucumber Beetle, Culwrom, Flae Beetle, Culwrom, Flae Beetle, Carden Webworm, Green Slink Bug, Hornworms, Leafminers (adults), Leafhoppers, Meadow Spilledua, Perper Magoot (adults), Pepper Weevil, Plant Bugs, Tobacco Budworm, Tomato Fruitworm, Tomato Priworm, Aphids, Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Cabbage Loope, Grasshoppers, Lygus Bugs, Brown Sink Bug, Tomato	1 day before
	Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala), Arugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Cilantro (not for use on Cilantro grown for seed or coriander) Com Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland (yellow rocket, wirter cress)), Dandelion; Dock (sorrel), Endiwe, (escarole), Fennel/Florence (finochio), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden), Purslane (winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarth, Spinach (induding New Zealand and spinach), Indian spinach, Indian spinach), Swiss	Beetles, Cutworms, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm, Leafinoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Tobacco Budworm, Armyworms, Loopers, Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stink Blugs, Wireworm	1 day before

Plants	Pests Pi	HI (Days)
Root & Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beets): Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Burdock, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot, Cassava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celery Root), Chayote (Root), Turnip-Rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Turnip-Rooted Parsley, Parsnip, Potato, Oriental Radish (Daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify (Oyster Plant), Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tarier (Cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam Bean, Yam (True)	Looper Cucumber Beetle,\	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Sunflowers: Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowfree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia	Cutworm spp., White Grub, Wireworm	Spray up to 30 days before harvesting
Bulb Vegetables (Allum spp.): Garlic, Garlic, Gract-Headed (elephant), Green Eschalots, Japanese Bunching Onions, Leeks, Onion, Dry Bulb and Green, Onion, Welch, Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green, Spring Onion or Scallions	Armyworms, Cutworms, Leafminers (adults), Onion Maggot Adults, Stink Bugs, Aphids, Onion Thrips	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
Peanuts	Cutworm spp., Green Clovenvorm. Velvetbean Caterpillar, Red-necked Peanut Worm, Bean Leaf Beetle, Leafhopper spp., Southern Corn Rootworm (adult), Vegetable Weevil, Whitefringed Beetle (adult), Aphid spp., Armyworm, Beet, Fall Armyworm, Corn Earworm, Grasshopper spp., Lesser Cornstalk Borer, Solybean Looper, Stink Bug spp., Tobacco Thrips	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
BERRIES, FRUITS, A	IND NUTS	
Berries Crop Group: Blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant; elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Leafrollers, Orange Tortrix, Root Weevils	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Grapes	Eastern Grape Leafhopper, Variegated Leafhopper, Western Grape Leafhopper, and Spotted Lanternfly	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Pome Fruit Group: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, and Quince	Apple Maggot, Codling Moth, European Apple Sawlfy, Green Fruilworm, Japanese Beetle, Lesser Appleworm, Oblique Banded Leafroller, Cinetal Fruit Moth, Pandemis Leafroller, Pear Psylla, Plum Curculio, Polato Leafflooper, Redbanded Leafroller, Rosy Apple Aphid, Spirea Aphid, Spirea Aphid, Spotted Tentiform, Sturk Bugs, Tamished Plant Bug, Turtled Apple Bud Moth, Vanegated Leaffloler, White Apple Leaffloper, Spotted Lantemflyr,	Spray up to 14 days before harvesting

Plants	Pests PF	II (Days)
Stone Fruit Group: Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh)	American Plum Borer, Black Cherry Aphid, Cherry Futif Fly, Green Fruitworm, Leafrollers, Leafroplers, Lesser Peach Tiree Borer, Peach Twig Borer, Plum Curculio, Oriental Fruit Moth, Rose Chafer, Spotted Lanternify, Stink Buys, Tamished Plant Bug, Tuffed Apple Budmoth, Western Cherry Fruit Fly, Spotted Lanternify Futif Fly, Spotted Lanternify	Spray up to 14 days before harvesting
Tree Nuts Group: Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, hilbert (hazelenut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)	Black Pecan Aphid, Codling Moth, Filbert Worm, Hickow, Shuckworm, Leaffooted Bugs, Navel Orangeworm, Oblique-banded Leaffooler, Peach Twig Borer, Pecan Laaf Casebearer, Pecan Nut Casebearer, Pecan Nut Casebearer, Pecan Phylloxera, Pecan Weevil, Plant Bugs, Stink Bugs, Walnut Aphid, Walnut Husk Fly, Yellow Pecan Aphid	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting Do not apply more than 12 oz of this product per 1,000 sq.ft.
Tropical Fruits: Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple		Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Citrus Trees: Orange, Grapefruit, Lemon. Lime, Citrus Hybrids (including Tangelo), Mandarin, Tangerine, Pummelo, Calamondin, Citron, Kumquat		Spray up to 1 day before harvesting

NOTES











Visible results in minutes

Protects over 200 For residential listed fruits & vegetables

outdoor use



How much | 4 fl. oz. per gallon of water to use: | Treats 2,000 sq. ft. of lawn











Japanese Beetles



Ants





Colorado Whiteflies Potato Beetles





Cabbage Loopers

Open for Precautionary Statements, First Aid and Complete Directions for Use Distributed by: TeChPac, L.L.C. 1000 Parkwood Cirde, Suite 700, Atlanta, GA, 30339 EPA Reg, No. 279-3347-1004 EPA Est. 67572-GA-1_A, 67572-GA-2_B Subscript used is first letter of run code on container. If you have a medical emergency, please call 1-(800) 420-9347



www.gardentech.com

AV050621RT



OUICK FACTS



PRODUCT FACTS

Kills by contact Visible results in minutes Allow product to dry completely before people and pets return to the lawn



WHERE TO USE

VHERE IU USE uit and Vegetable Gardens, Ornamental Plants and Shrubs, Flowers and round Covers, Around Structures, Lawns





FRUITS & VEGETABLES

Protects over 200 listed fruits and vegetables Tomato, Pepper, Squash, Cucumber, Broccoli, Kale, Lettuce, Blackberry, Carrot



Imported Cabbageworm, Cutworms, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Stink Bugs, Whiteflies, Aphids, Spotted Lanternfly, Japanese Beetles and other listed lawn & garden insects



HOW MUCH TO USE

FIRST AID

wallowed

- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

- If in eyes

 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.

 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.

 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-420-9347 for Emergency Assistance.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment. This product is a pyrethroid, if large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1.866.945.5033.

Call 1-866-945-5033

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in callm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging the treatment area.

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool dry area away from heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

 Distributed by: TechPac, L.L.C.
 EPA Reg. No. 279-3347-71004

 1000 Parkwood Circle, Suite 700
 EPA Est. 67572-GA-1, 67572-GA-2, Subscript used is first letter of run and
 Atlanta, GA 30339 Subscript used is first letter of run code on container.

GardenTech is a registered trademark of Gulfstream Home & Garden, Inc.

Sevin is a registered trademark of Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.





Visible results in minutes



Protects over 200 For residential outdoor use vegetables





How much to use: Treats 2,000 sq. ft. of lawn



Ants



Hornworms



Stink Bugs



Japanese Beetles



Aphids



Colorado Whiteflies Potato Beetles



Cabbage Loopers

Open for Precautionary Statements, First Aid and Complete Directions for Use Distributed by: TechPac, L.L.C.
1000 Parkwood Circle, Suite 700, Atlanta, GA, 30339
EPA Rea, No. 279-3547-71004
EPA Est. 67572-6A-1, 67572-6A-2, Subscript used is first letter of run code on container.
If you have a medical emergency, please call 1–(800) 420-9347

www.gardentech.com

FIRST AID

swallowe

- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to sugilier.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If in eyes

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
 Call a poison control center or doctor for
- nt advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-420-9347 for Emergency Assistance

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment. This product is a pyrethroid. If large amount have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-800-945-5033.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging the treatment area.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to inconsistent with its labeling. SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING law to use this product in a manner

USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not treat pets with this product.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact adults, children, or pets, either directly or through drift.
Do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
Remove pets, birds, and cover fish aquariums before spraying. Avoid contamination of food and feedstuffs. Remove or cover exposed food and drinking water before application.
Do not use in food handling establishments in which food is held, processed, prepared, and/or served.
Do not use in aircraft.

FOR OUTDOOR USES

Il outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-revice treatments only, except for the following permitted use (1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures;

- (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation:

(2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation;
(3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet.
Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces including sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (including windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications, only.
only water the treated area to the point of run-off

Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off.
Do not make applications during rain.

FOR OUTDOOR USES - continued

Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow this product to enter any drain during or after application.

NOTE: The application of this product to vinyl and aluminum siding (particularly lightly colored, aged, weathered or otherwise damaged) may result in staining, bleaching or discoloration. Factors including extreme heat and direct sunlight can promote damage. Before applying this product to vinyl or aluminum siding, treat a small area and evaluate 30 minutes later to allow any potential staining to occur. Regardless of the test results, do not apply to vinyl or aluminum siding while exposed to direct sunlight or during the heat of the day.

If you have a medical emergency, need consultation on diagnosis, therapy and analysis please call 1-(800) 420-9347 If you have questions relating to product use or application, please call 1-(86) 945-5033 If you have a product spill or transportation emergency call 1-(800) 424-9300 For Consumer Refund: TechPac, LLC PO Box 95437 Palatine, IL 60095-0437

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool dry area away from heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product dow any indoor or outdoor drain.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. To the extent permitted by applicable law, User agrees to hold TechPac LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate applied at 4 fl. oz. per gallon of water delivers a spray solution containing 0.011% zeta-cypermethrin. For all applications, this product provides control of each pest as listed in the Pest Table (see page 6).

Shake well before use. Remove measuring cap and fill cap according to chart below Pour into sprayer and add corresponding amount of water. Fl. Oz. of Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate Amount of Water 1 Quart (32 oz) ½ Gallon (64 oz) ½ Gallon (0-7 1 Gallon (128 oz)

2 Gallons (256 oz)

PUMP-STYLE

MEASURING INSTRUCTIONS



Close sprayer tightly and pressurize with hand pump. For spot applications, use a coarse spray nozzle. For larger area applications, use a fan spray nozzle. Hold tip of wand 12 inches from farget area while spraying

DIAL-STYLE HOSE-END SPRAYERS

- Fill sprayer jar with enough product for the area to be treated DO NOT ADD WATER. Close sprayer, set dial, hook to garden hose and apply. Pour any unused product back into the product's original container.

Apply where insects are expected to appear or when insects or damage are seen. Repeat as necessary according to site-specific directions listed below.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply in calm weather.

Begin spraying at the farthest point of the treatment area and work backward to avoid contact with wet treated surfaces.

Spray thoroughly to wet plant surface. Do not apply to the point of runoff.

Sprays must be dry in treated areas before people or pets

Do not apply to trees taller than 10 feet. Consider hiring a

The state professional.

Do not apply during rain.

Applications to impervious surfaces are limited to spot and crack and crevice treatments only.

GARDEN VEGETABLES
In the table below, the Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) refers to the minimum number of days that must pass between the date of the last application and the date of harvest. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the Pre-Harvest Intervals are followed accordingly.

Pre-Harvest Intervals are followed accor	rdingly.	
VEGETABLES	PHI (Days) ∖
Brassica Vegetables: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (gal lon, white flowerin broccoli), Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Kohlrabi, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mus Cabbage (gai choy), Broccoli Raab (rapi Chinese Cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spina Rape Greens, Turnip Greens	tard ini), Kale.	1 Day
Corn (sweet)	/	3 Days
Cucurbit Vegetables: Chayote (fru Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preservir Melon), Citron Melon, Cucumber, Ghe Gourd (edible) (including hyotan, cucua hechima, Chinese orkra), Mormordica si (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bi melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelor (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melor honeydew melon, honey balls, mango Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa melon, and snake melon), Pumpkin, Suquash (includes crookneck squash, scaguash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter Squash (includtes rookneck squash, squash, snake melon), Miter Squash (includtes rookneck squash), watermelon (includes hybrids and varie watermelon (includes hybrids and varie	ng brkin, preserved preserved ter 1 casaba, 1, melon, Claus immer :allop :ludes uash,	1 Day
Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Dwarf Pea, Edible-pod Pea, Snow Pea, Snap Pea, Pigeon Pea, English Pea, Ga Pea, Green Pea, Lentil		1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)
Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans: Runner Bean, Snap Bean, Wa Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, M Bean, Yardlong Bean, Jackbean, Soybe (immature seed), Swordbean, Lima Bea Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Black-eyed P Southern Pea, Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Flean, Nay Bean, Pinto Bean, Tepary E Adzuki Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowde Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Urc Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Labla	et ed x Bean, loth ean ea, white Kidney Bean, er Pea, d Bean,	1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)
Fruiting Vegetables: Eggplant, groundcherry (<i>Physalis spp.</i>), okra, pepi (Melon pear), pepper (includes bell pep chill pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, s pepper), tomatillo, tomato	no per, weet	1 Day
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); A (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Cilantro use on cilantro grown for seed or coriander), Corn Salad, Cress (Garde Upland (yellow rocket, winter cress)), Dandellon, Dock (sorrel), Endive (esca Fennel/Florence (finochio), Garden Cre Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsle Purslane (garden), Purslane (winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spi (including New Zealand and vine, Malat spinach, Indian spinach), Swiss Chard	Arugula Celery, (not for n, arole), ess,	1 Day

VECETABLES	DIII (Davia)
VEGETABLES	PHI (Days)
Root and Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beets): Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot, Cassava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celery Root), Chayote (Root), Tumip-Rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chula, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Tumip-Rooted Parsley, Parsnip, Potato, Oriental Radish (Daikon), Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify (Oyster Plant), Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tanier (Cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam Bean, Yam (True)	1 Day
Sunflowers: Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia	30 Days
Bulb Vegetables (Allium spp.): Garlic; Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant); Green Eschalots; Japanese Bunching Onions; Leeks; Onion, Dry Bulb and Green; Onion, Welch; Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green; Spring Onion or Scallions	7 Days
Peanuts	7 Days

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS

Use Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate as a spot treatment for pest infestations on the berries, fruits and nuts listed below. Do not make applications to trees over 10 feet or trees with areas inaccessible to sprays. Apply spray mixture to upper and lower leaves, around fruit clusters, and on branches and trunks and wet thoroughly. Do not apply to the point of runoff. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the Pre-Harvest Intervals are followed accordingly.

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS	PHI (Days)
Berries Crop Group: Blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant, elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these	1 Day
Grapes	1 Day
Pome Fruit Group: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, and Quince	14 Days
Stone Fruit Group: Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh)	14 Days
Tree Nuts Group: Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)	7 Days
Tropical Fruits: Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple	1 Day
Citrus Trees: Orange, Grapefruit, Lemon. Lime, Citrus Hybrids (including Tangelo), Mandarin, Tangerine, Pummelo, Calamondin, Citron, Kumquat	7 Days

Tangerine, Pummelo, Calamondin, Citron, Kumquai

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS,
FLOWERS, AND GROUND COVERS

Use Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate as a spot treatment for pest infestations on ornamental trees, shrubs, flowers and ground covers. Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, apply as a uniform spray. Reapply if pests return but repeat applications should be limited to no more than once per seven days. Certain plants including annuals may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.

OUTDOOR PERIMETER TREATMENTS

Apply to the point of run-off as a residual spray to vegetation including bushes

Apply to the point of run-off as a residual spray to vegetation including bushes and trees around buildings and other structures. For ants, apply to any trails, around doors and windows and other places where ants may be found. To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also treat the building foundation to a height of up to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray. The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application.

LAWNS

LAWNS
Uniformly apply 4 fl. oz. Sevin® Insect Killer
Concentrate per gallon of water per 250 sq ft area.
For best results, apply after mowing (lawn should
not be longer than 3 inches at the time of
application). Repeat applications are necessary only
if there are signs of renewed insect activity.

PESTS CONTROLLED

Caterpillars, Butterflies and Moths

PESTS CONTROLLED

Caterpillars, Butterflies and Moths

Tent forming caterpillars, cocoon forming caterpillars, chrysalis forming caterpillars (including leaves of flowering plants, bushes and other ornamentals, vegetables and trees), azalea leafminers, green cloverworm, fruit eating caterpillars, legume feeding caterpillars, septeable feeding cater

Common Bristletails

Silverfish Family including Silverfish, and Firebrat

Springtails

Podurid Springtail family including Snow Pea, Seashore Springtail, Entomobryid Springtail family including Ainsley's Springtail; Globular Springtail family

Cockroaches

Blattid Cockroach Family including Oriental Cockroach (Asiatic Cockroach, Shad Cockroach), and American Cockroach (Waterbug); Blattellid Cockroaches family including German Cockroach (Croton Bug)

Termites

Rotting-wood termite family including Pacific Coast Termite; Subterranean termite family including subterranean termites. Not intended to replace structural treatments. For termites – Do not use this product as the sole source of control for active, structural / this product as the sole source of control for active, structural infestations by subterranean termites; the purpose of this application is to kill workers or winged reproductive forms of termites which are present at the time of treatment. It is not intended to provide structural pest control. It is not a substitute for mechanical alteration, soil and foundation treatment, but merely a supplement. For active, structural infestations by subterranean termites, this product can only be used to supplement a federally registered conventional product that is registered as a sole source for termite control. This product will not eliminate termite infestations or provide protection against future infestation.

Earwigs

Long-Horned Earwig family including Ring-legged Earwig, and Riparian Earwig; Common Earwig family including European Earwig

Grasshoppers & Crickets

Grasshoppers & Crickets

Pygmy Grasshopper family including Aztec Pygmy Grasshopper,
Short-Horned Grasshopper family including Cresoste Bush Grasshopper,
Lubber Grasshopper family including Cresoste Bush Grasshopper,
Lubber Grasshopper, Painted Grasshopper, Carolina Locust, Dragon Lubber
Grasshopper, Differential Grasshopper, Red-legged Locust, Spur-throated
Grasshopper, Differential Grasshopper, Red-legged Locust, Spur-throated
Grasshopper, Two-stripped Grasshopper, Panther-spotted grasshopper,
Southeastem Lubber Grasshopper, Fred-legged Locust, Spur-throated
Grasshopper, Green Valley Grasshopper, Toothpick Grasshopper, Horse
Lubber Grasshopper, Pallid-winged Grasshopper, and Great Crested
Grasshopper (Dinosaur Grasshopper), Long-horned grasshopper, and
Katydids family including Oblong-winged Katydid, Mormon Cricket,
Short-legged Shield back Katydid, Tue Katydid (Nothmon Katydid, Angular-winged Katydid,
Keeled Shield-back Katydid, Tue Katydid (Nothmon Katydid), and
Fork-tailed Bush Katydid; Camel Crickets family including Spotted Camel
Cricket, Secret Cove Cricket, Jerusalem Cricket; Tue Crickets family including
House Circket, and Black-horned Tree Cricket; Mole Cricket family
including Northem Mole Cricket and European Mole Cricket

True Bugs

Plant Bug family including Adelphocoris Plant Bugs, Scarlet Plant bugs, Tarnished Plant Bugs, and Four-lined Plant Bug; Assassin bug family including Bee Assassins, Wheel Bug; Assassin bug family including Bee Assassins, Wheel Bug; Ambush Bug family including Bee Assassins, Wheel Bug; Ambush Bug family including Cak Lace Bug; Seed Bug family including Small Eastern Milkweed Bug; Cong-necked Seed Bug, and Large Milkweed Bug; Stilt Bug family including Stilt Bugs; Leaf-footed Bug family including Fastern Boxelder Bug and Western Boxelder Bug; Stink Bug family including Green Stink Bug, Brown Marmorated Stink Bug Brochymenas, Two-spotted Stink Bug (Conspicuous Stink Bug), Harlequin Cabbage Bug (Calico Bug, Fire Bug), and Spined Soldier Bug

Cicadas and Kin

Cicada family including Periodical Cicadas, Dogday Harvestfly, and Grand Western Cicada

Treehoppers

Treehopper family, including Thorn-mimic Treehopper, Oak Treehopper, Buffalo Treehopper, and Locust Treehopper

Leafhoppers

Leafhopper family including Grape Leafhopper, Scarlet-and-green Leafhopper, Sharpshooter, Spotted Lanternfly

Thrips

Banded Thrips family including Banded-wing Thrips; Common Thrips family

Beetles

Tiger Beetle Family including Beautiful Tiger Beetle, Dainty Tiger Beetle, Six-Spotted Green Tiger Beetle, and Dejean's Flightless Tiger Beetle: Ground Beetle family including Bombardier Beetle, Fiery Searcher (Caterpillar hunter), European Ground Beetle,

Beetles - continued

Green Pubescent Ground Beetle, Common Black
Ground Beetle, and Boat-backed Ground Beetle;
Predacious Diving Beetle family including Small Flat
Diving Beetle, Large Diving Beetle, and Marbled Diving
Beetle; Whirligig Beetle family including Large Whirligig
Beetle; And Small Whirligig Beetle; Hister Beetle family
including Hister beetles; Rove Beetle family including
Gold-and-brown Rove Beetle and Pictured Rove Beetle;
Carrion Beetle family including Margined Burying Beetle,
Carrion Beetle family including Margined Burying Beetle,
American Carrion Beetle, and Northern Carrion Beetle,
American Carrion Beetle, and Northern Carrion Beetle,
Flat-homed Stag Beetle, Reddish-brown Stag Beetle, and
Rugose Stag Beetle; Bessbugs family including Patent-leather
Beetle (Homed Passalus); Scarab Beetle family including
European Chafer Beetle (adults), Flower Chafers (Fruit and
Flower Chafers), Leaf Chafers, Rose Chafers Tumblebugs,
Goldsmith Beetle, Green Jumping Beetle, Brown Fruit Chafer,
Glossy Pillbug, Grapevine Beetle, May Beetles (June Beetles),
Ten-lined June Beetles, and Japanese Beetle; Metallic
Wood-Boring Beetles including Golden Buprestid, Western Pine
Borer (Sculptured Pine Borer), and Divergent Metallic Wood Borer
(Flatheaded Cherry Tree Borer); Click Beetle family including
Eastern Eyed Click Beetle (Big-eyed Click Beetle), and Fire
Beetles; Fireflies (Lightning Bugs) family including Pyralis Firefly,
and Pennsylvania Firefly, Soldier Beetle family including
Pennsylvania Leather-wing, and Downy Leather-wing, Net-winged
Beetle family including Spider Beetles, and Texan Spider
Beetle; Branch and Twig Borer family including Apple Twig Borer;
Checkered Beetle family including Apple Twig Borer;
Checkered Beetle family including Rough Fungus
Beetle; Branch and Twig Borer family including Rough Fungus
Beetle; Brows House Beetle, Slender Checkered Beetle, Piccate
Beetle; Piccate Beetle, Piccate
Beetle, Spotless "Nine-spotted" Ladybug Geetles, Pinc-spotted Ladybug
Beetle, Spotless "Nine-spotted" Ladybug Gerar Fine-colore

Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawflies

Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawflies

Cimbicid Sawflies family including Rusty Willow Sawfly, Common Sawfly family including Northeastern sawfly; Horntail family including Pigeon Horntail, and Smokey Horntails; Stem Sawflies family including Raspberry Horntail; Braconids family including Braconid Wasps; Ichneumons family including Giant Ichneumons, Short-tailed Ichneumons and Red-tailed Ichneumon; Torymid Wasp family including California Torymus; Chalcid family including Golden-yellow Chalcid; Gall Wasp family including California Oak Gall Wasps and Live Oak Gall Wasp; Pelecinid family including American Pelicini; Tiphiid Wasp family including Five-banded Tiphiid Wasp; Velvet-Ants including Thistedown Velvet-ant, Red Velvet-ant, and Cow Killer; Scoliid Wasp family including Scarab-hunter Wasp, and Digger Wasp; Ant family including Spine-waisted ants, Leafcutter ants, Texas Carpenter ants,

Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawflies - continued

Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawflies - continued

Black Carpenter ants, Crater-nest ants, Crazy Ants,
Tawny Crazy Ants, Texas Shed-builder ant (Acrobat
Ant), Red Ant, Legionary Ant, Little Black Ant, Arid Lands
Honey Ant, Big-headed Ant, Honey Ant, and Fire Ant;
Vespid Wasp family including Potter Wasp, Paper Wasps,
Yellow Jackets, and Sandhills Hornet; Spider Wasps
including Blue-black Spider Wasps, and Tarantula Hawk;
Sphecid Wasp family including Thread-waisted Wasps,
Eastern Sand Wasp, Steel-blue Cricket Hunter, Purplish-blue
Cricket Hunter, Florida Hunting Wasp, Black and Yellow Mud
Dauber, Cicada Killer, and Great Golden Digger Wasp; Bee
families including Plasterer Bee, Yellow-faced Bees, Virescent
Green Metallic Bees, Augochlora Green Metallic Bees, Alkali
Bee, Mining Bee, Willow Mining Bee, Nevada Mining Bee,
Clarkia Bee, Faithful Leafcutting Bee, Western Leafcutting Bee,
Mason Bees, California Carpenter Bee

Files

Crane fly family including Wood-boring Tupulid, Giant Western Crane Fly, and Crane Flies; Phantom Crane Flies including Phantom Crane Fly, Net-winged Midges including Comstock's Net-winged Midge; Phantom Midges: Black Flies including Black flies; March Flies family including March Flies; Fungus Gnats family including Fungus Gnats; Snipe Fly family including Gold-backed Snipe Fly; Stiletto Fly family including Stiletto Flies; Flower-loving Fly family including Flower-loving Fly; Mydas Fly family including Modas fly; Robber Fly family including Bearded Robber Fly, Sacken's Bee Hunter, Giant Robber Fly, Bee Killer (Giant Robber Fly, Jand Robber Flies; Ber Flies including Bee Fly, Large Bee Flies, and Progressive bee Flies; Dance Flies including Bance Flies; Long-Legged Flies including Condylostyid Long-legged Flies, and Texan Long-legged Fly; Hover Fly family including Wooltly Bear Hover Flies, Blongate Aphid Flies, Drone Flies, Bulb Flies, American Hover Flies, and Toxomerus Hover Fly; Thick Headed Fly family including Thick headed fly; Pyrgotid Fly family including Pyrgotid Flies; Fruit Fly family including Walnut Husk Fly, and Apple Maggot Fly; Seaweed Fly family including Walnut Husk Fly, and Apple Maggot Fly; Seaweed Fly family including Science Fly; Marsh Fly family including Marsh flies; Shore fly family including House Fly, and Briting Stable Fly; Louse Fly family including Fly; Anthomylid Fly family including Dung Fly; Muscid Fly family including Blue Bottle Fly, Serw-worm Fly, and Green Bottle Fly; Flesh Fly family including Flesh flies; Tachinid Fly, Earth Tachinid Fly, Earthy Tachinid Fly, Rachinid Fly, Earthy Tachinid Fly, Realthy Rachinid Fly, Earthy Tachinid Fly, Repetitive Tachinid Fly, Earthy Tachinid Fly, Repetitive Tachinid Fly, Earthy Tachinid Fly, Repetitiv

Spiders

Spiders

Folding trapdoor spider family including Turret spider; Tarantula family including Desert Tarantula; Trapdoor Spider family including California Trapdoor spider; Dictynid spider family including Spiders; Spider family including Desert Loxosceles, and Violin Spider; Comb-footed Spider family including American House Spider; Sheet-web Weaver family including American House Spider; Sheet-web Weaver family including Hammock Spider; Orb Weaver family including Hammock Spider, Orb Weaver family including Hammock Spider, Spider Spider Agrieve Argiope, Black-and-Yellow Argiope, Crablike Spiny Orb Weaver, Slaver Argiope, Black-and-Yellow Argiope, Crablike Spiny Orb Weaver, Slaver Spiders; Large-jawed Orb Weaver family including Mabel Orchard Spider, Venusta Orchard Spider, Elongate Long-jawed Orb Weaver, and Long-jawed Orb Weaver, Funnel Web Weaver family including Grass Spiders; Nursery Web Spider family including Brownish-grey Fishing Spider, Six-spotted Fishing spider, and Nursery Web Spider; Wolf Spider family including Burrowing Wolf Spider, Crorest Wolf Spider, Brider, and Thin-legged Wolf Spider family including Burrowing Wolf Spider, Crorest Wolf Spider, and Thin-legged Wolf Spider; Lynx Spider, Sac Spider family including Jumping Lynx spider, and green lynx spider, Sac Spider family including Wandering spiders; Giant Crab spider; Crab Spider family including Wandering spiders; Giant Crab Spider; Crab Spider family including Goldenrod spider (Rower spider, red-spotted Crab Spider, Elegant Crab Spider, Thrice-banded Crab Spider; Philodromid family including Green Lyssomanes, Dimorphic Jumping Spider, Metaphid Jumping Spider, Ant-mimic Jumping spider, Jumping Spider and Brown Daddy-long-legs family including Eastern Daddy-long-legs and Brown Daddy-long-legs

Ticks
Blacklegged tick, Brown dog tick, Deer tick, Lone Star tick

Psyllid, Whiteflies, Aphids, Mealybugs, Scale Insects

Psyllid family including American Alder Psyllid; Whitefly family including Greenhouse Whitefly; Aphid family including Green Apple Aphid, Rosy Apple Aphid, Rose, Pea and Potato Aphid, Root Aphid, Coudy-winged Cottonwood Aphid, and Giant Willow Aphid; Woolly and Gall-Making Aphid family including Woolly Apple Aphid; Giant Scale Insects family including Cottony Cushion Scale; Armored Scale Insects family including Long-tailed mealybug; Cochineal Bug family including Cochineal bug

Millinedes

Millipedes

Millipedes including soft millipedes, Florida millipede, Almond millipede, North American millipede and flat millipedes

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
VEGETABLES		
Brassica vegetables: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (gali lon, white flowering broccoli), Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Kohirabi, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Broccoli Raalo (rapini), Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Sprianch, Rape Greens, Turnip Greens	Corn Earworm, Cucumber Beetles, Cutworm, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Tobacco Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Southern Cabbageworm, Tobacco Budworm Alfalfa Looper, Armyworms, Cabbage Looper, Cabbage Webworm, Ground Beetles, Leafminers (adults), Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Sinkbugs, Wireworm (adults), Aphids, and Whiteflies	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Sweet Corn	Chinch Bug. Com Rootworm (Adult), Com Silkfly, Cutworms, Flea Beetle, Leafnoppers, Japanese Beetle (Adult), Sap Beetle (adults), Tarrished Plant Bug, Armyworms, Com Borers, Com Earworm, Grasshoppers, Aphids	Spray up to 3 days before harvesting
Cucurbit vegetables: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible) (including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese orkra), Mormordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (nybrids andor cultivars of Cucumis melo) (includes true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, polden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon, Pumpkin, Summer Squash (includes crookneks gauash, scallops squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter Squash (includes butterunt squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acon squash, and spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes hybrids and varieties)	Culworms, Cabbage Looper, Cucumber Beetles, (adult), Leafhoppers, Melonworm, Pickleworm, Rindworm, Squash Bug, Squash Vine Borer, Com Earworm, Plant Bugs, Stinkbugs	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting

Plan	ts Pests	PHI (Days)
Legume Veget Succulent and Succulent Edible-Podded P Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Sh Peas: Dwarf Pea, Edible-pod Pea, Sno Pea, Sugar Snap Pea, Pileon pea, English P Garden Pea, Green Pea Lentil Legume Vegetable - Succulent Edible-Podde Beans, Suculent Shelled Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, Suculent Shelled Beans, Suculent Shelled Beans, Suculent Shelled Beans, Sunan Pea, Orabean, Nap Bean, Wax Bean, Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Moth Bean, Yardlong Bean, Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed), Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean) Black-eyed Pea, Southern Pea, Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Nay Bean, Pinto Bean, Tepary Bean, Adzuki Bean, Calang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Lurd Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Lablab Bean	ables - Cutwoms, Painted Lady (Thiste) Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Tellow-Shiped Bearl Leaf Beetles, Blister Beetle, Scolarado Potato Beetle, Scolarado Potato Beetle, Scolarado Potato Beetle, Scolarado Potato Com Earworm, Com Rootworm Beetle (adult), Oxopea Curculio, Cucumber Beetle, Flea Beetle, Green Cloverworm, Ground Beetle, Flea Beetle, Flea Beetle, Flea Beetle, Flea Beetle, Flea Beetle, Flea Beetle, Leaffiners (adults), Mexican Bean Beetle, Pea Weevil, Plant Bug, Potato Leaffinoper, Seedoom Beetle, Seedom Maggot (adult), Spittlebug, Three-Cornered Alfalfa, Hopper, Tobacco Budworm, Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworms, Woolly Bear Caterpillar	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting on succulent shelled or edible-podded peas or beans, and up to 21 days before harvesting for dried shelled peas or beans
Fruiting vegetables: Eggplant, groundcherry (*Physalis spp.), okra pepino (Melon pear), pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato	Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-striped Celey Leaf Tier, Colorado Potato Beetle, Corn Borer, European Corn Beetle, Cutworm, Flea Beetle, Garden Welworm, Flea Beetle, Garden Welworm, Flea Strik Bug, Hornworms, Leafminers (adults), Leafhoppers, Meadow Spittlebug, Pepper Maggot (adults), Pepper Weevil, Plant Bugs, Tobacco Budworm, Tomato Fruilworm, Tomato Prinworm, Aphids, Armyworm, Beet Armyworm, Fall Cabbage Looper, Grasshoppers, Lygus Bugs, Brown Stink Bug, Tomato Psyllid, Thrips, Whitefiles	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Leafy vegetables: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala), Arugula (Roquetle), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Chinese Celery, Chinese Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Cillantro (not for use on cilantro grown for seed or coriander) Corm Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland (yellow rocket, writer cress)), Dandellon; Dock (sorrel), Endive, (escarole), Fennel/ Florence (finochio), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (writer), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarth, Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian spinach), Swiss chard	Com Earworm Cucumber Beelles, Cutworms, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beelles Imported Cabbageworm, Leafhoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpiller, Tobacco Butworm, Armyworms, Loopers, Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stink Bugs, Wireworm	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting

Dianta	Donte	\ DIII (Davie)	
Plants	Pests	PHI (I	Days)	
Root & Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beets): Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chiness and Jerusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot, Cassava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celery Root), Chayote (Root), Chiayote (Root), Chiner, Contra, Chayote (Root), Chiner, Contra, Cheron, Chayote (Root), Chiner,	Armyworm, Ye striped Cabba Maggot, Cobo Beetle, Grass Imported Cal Potato Leaft Potato Psylinga, Index Plant Bug	1 day thanves	oefore	
Sunflowers: Castor Oil Plant, Chine Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojc Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwc Tea Oil Plant, and Vern	se Wireworm bba, bod,	., White Grub,	Spray up to 30 days before harvesting	
Bulb Vegetables (Allium Spp.): Garlic, Garlic, Garlic, Great-Headed (elephan Green Eschalots, Japanese Bunching Onions, Leeks, Onion, Bulb and Green, Onion Welch, Shallots, Dry Brand Green, Spring Onior Scallions	Maggot Aduli Aphids, Onio	adults), Onion ts, Stink Bugs,	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting	
Peanuts	Beetle, Leafr Southern Co	Velvetbean ed-necked n, Bean Leaf topper spp., rn Rootworm table Weevil, Beetle s spp., Beet, Fall Com asshopper Cornstalk an Looper,	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting	,

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
BERRIES, FRUITS, AND N	UTS	
Berries Crop Group: Blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant; elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Leafrollers, Orange Tortrix, Root Weevils	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Grapes	Eastern Grape Leafhopper, Variegated Leafhopper, Western Grape Leafhopper, and Spotted Lanternfly	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting

	1	
Plants	s Pests	PHI (Days)
Pome Fruit Gr Apple, Crabapp Loquat, Mayhaw Pear, Oriental Pea and Quince	le, Moth, European Apple Sawfly, Green Fruitworm,	Spray up to 14 days before harvesting
Stone Fruit Group: Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh)	American Plum Borer, Black Cherry Aphid, Cherry Fruit Fly, Green Fruitworm, Leaffollers, Leafhoppers, Lesser Peach Tires Borer, Peach Tree Borer, Peach Tives Borer, Plum Curculio, Oilental Fruit Moth, Rose Chafer, Spotted Lanterfly, Stink Bugs, Tamished Plant Bug, Tuffed Apple Budmoth, Western Cherry Fruit Fly	Spray up to 14 days before harvesting
Tree Nuts Group: Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, hillbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)	Black Pecan Aphid, Codling Moth, Filibert Worm, Hickory Shuckworm, Leaffooted Bugs, Navel Orangeworm, Oblique-banded Leafroller, Peach Twig Borer, Pecan Leaf Casebearer, Pecan Phyllovera, Pecan Weevil, Plant Bugs, Stink Bugs, Walnut Aphid, Walnut Husk Fly, Yellow Pecan Aphid	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting Do not apply more than 12 oz of this product per 1,000 sq.ft.
Tropical Fruits: Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple		Spray up to 1 day before harvesting
Citrus Trees: Orange, Grapefruit, Lemon. Lime, Citrus Hybrids (Including Tangelo), Mandarin, Tangerine, Pummelo, Calamondin, Citron, Kumquat		Spray up to 1 day before harvesting

NOTES			NOTES
	_	_	
	-		
			
	 -		
	 -		
	 -		







Quick Facts

FIRST AID

- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then confinue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-420-9347 for Emergency Assistance.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment. This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-866-945-5033.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pels in/around ornamental ponds. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging the treatment area.

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool dry area away from heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING. Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

PRODUCT FACTS



Kills by contact Visible results in minutes

Allow product to dry completely before people and pets return to

the lawn



Fruit and Vegetable Gardens, Ornamental Plants and Shrubs, Flowers and Ground Covers, Around Structures, Lawns

FRUITS & VEGETABLES Protects over 200 listed fruits and vegetables

Tomato, Pepper, Squash, Cucumber, Broccoli, Kale, Lettuce, Blackberry, Carrot





Imported Cabbageworm, Cutworms, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Stink Bugs, Whiteflies, Aphids, Spotted Lanternfly, Japanese Beetles and other listed lawn & garden insects

HOW MUCH TO USE



4 fl. oz. per gallon of water Treats 8,000 sq. ft. of lawn

Distributed by: TechPac, L.L.C.

1000 Parkwood Circle, Suite 700, Atlanta, GA 30339

EPA Reg. No. 279-3347-71004

EPA Est. 67572-GA-1_A, 67572-GA-2_B Subscript used is first letter of run code on container.

GardenTech is a registered trademark of Gulfstream Home & Garden, Inc. Sevin is a registered trademark of Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc.



FIRST AID

Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If in eyes

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue mising eye.

Call a poison confrol center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER

e product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-420-9347 for Emergency Assistance.

or going for treatment. You may also contact: 1-00-42-0-3-94 for Emergency Assistance.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Skin contact (vapor or powder) may be followed by transient tingling or numbness, usually of the face, but this subsides without treatment. This product is a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been injected, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive.

For Information Regarding the Use of this Product Call 1-866-945-5033.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, ovsters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. Care should be used when spraying to avoid fish and reptile pets in/around ornamental ponds. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are foraging the treatment area.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

ner inconsistent with its labeling

USE RESTRICTIONS

OSE RESTRUTIONS
Do not teat pets with this product.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact adults, children, or pets, either directly or through drift.
Do not allow adults, children, or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
Remove pets, birds, and cover fish aquariums before spraying.
Avoid contamination of food and feedstuffs. Remove or cover exposed food and directly advantage and adva

drinking water before application. Do not use in food handling establishments in which food is held, processed, repared, and/or served. Do not apply directly to animals.

Oo not use in aircraft FOR OUTDOOR USES

FOR OUTDOOR USES
All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:

(1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures;
(2) Applications to lawns, fur, and other vegetation;
(3) Applications to busing foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet.

Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to imperious surfaces including sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (including windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications, only.

and crack-and-crevice applications, only.

Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off.

Do not marke the treated area to the point of run-off.

Do not make applications during rain.

Application is prichibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow this product to enter any drain during or after application.

NOTE: The application of this product to vinyl and aluminum siding (particularly lightly colored, aged, weathered or otherwise damaged) may result in staining, bleaching or discoloration. Factors including extreme heat and direct sunlight mornotte damage. Before applying this product to vinyl or aluminum siding, treat a small area and evaluate 30 minutes later to allow any potential staining to occur. Regardless of the test results, do not apply to vinyl or aluminum siding while exposed to direct sunlight or during the heat of the day.

If you have a medical emergency, need consultation on diagnosis, therapy and analysis please call 1-(800) 420-9347 (If you have questions relating to product use or application, please call 1-(866) 945-5033

If you have a product spill or transportation emergency call 1-(800) 424-9300 For Consumer Refund: TechPac, LLC PO Box 95437 Palatine, IL 60095-0437

Storage and Disposal
Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a cool dry area away from heat or open flame and in an area inaccessible to children and pets. Keep from freezing. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Many alpha or waster product down and inclosure of the control instructions. When alpha or waster product down as in offer or product down as in offer or product down. instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law. User agrees to hold TechPac LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

SPECIFIC OSE DIVERSITY AND SECURITY SECU

	Remove measuring cap and fill cap according to chart be Pour into sprayer and add corresponding amount of water					
음	Fl. Oz. of Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate	Amount of Water				
200	1	1 Quart (32 oz)				
Z Z	2	1/2 Gallon (64 oz)				
ME/ INST	4	1 Gallon (128 oz)				
=	6	11/2 Gallons (192 oz)				
	8	2 Gallons (256 oz)				



Close sprayer tightly and pressurize with hand pump. For spot applications, use a coarse spray nozzle. For larger area applications, use a fan spray nozzle. Hold tip of wand 12 inches from target area while spraying.

Fill sprayer jar with enough product for the area to be treated. DO NOT ADD WATER. Close sprayer, set dial, hook to garden hose and apply. Pour any unused product back into the product's original container

Apply where insects are expected to appear or when insects or damage are seen. Repeat as necessary according to site-specific directions listed below.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

directions listed below. Apply in calm weather. Begin spraying at the farthest point of the treatment area and work backward fo a void contact with wet freated surfaces. Spray throughly to wet plant surface. Do not apply to point of runoff. Sprays must be dry in treated areas before people or pets re-enter.

re-enter.

Do not apply to trees taller than 10 feet. Consider hiring a licensed

professional. Do not apply during rain.

Applications to impervious surfaces are limited to spot and crack and crevice treatments only.

GARDEN VEGETABLES
In the table below, the Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) refers to the minimum number of days that must pass between the date of the last application and the date of harvest. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the Pre-Harvest Intervals are followed accordingly.

Fie-Hai vest intervals are followed accordingly.	
VEGETABLES	PHI (Days)
Brassica Vegetables: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli), Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cavalo Broccolo, Kohlrabi, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Broccoli Raab (rapini), Chinese Cabbage (bok choy), Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Turnip Greens	1 Day
Sweet Corn	3 Days
Cucurbit Vegetables: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Citron Melon, Cucurabler, Glerkin, Gourd (edible) (including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese orkra), Momordica spo. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucurable), Musmerlon (includes true cantalcupe, cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer Squash (includes crockneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegatable merrow, zucchini), Winter Squash (includes butlernut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acom squash, and spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes hybrids and varieties)	1 Day
Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Peas, Succulent Shelled Peas and Dried Shelled Peas: Dwarf Pea, Edible-pod Pea, Snow Pea, Sugar Snap Pea, Pigeon Pea, English Pea, Garden Pea, Green Pea, Lentil	1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)
Legume Vegetables - Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans: Runner Bean, Shap Bean, Wax Bean, Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Moth Bean, Yardlong Bean, Jakokbean, Soybean (immature seed), Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Black-eyed Pea, Southem Pea, Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Naw Jean, Pinto Bean, Tengy Bean, Adzuki Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Pica Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Mung Bean, Rice Bean, Urd Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Latiba Bean	1 Day (Succulent) 21 Days (Dried)
Fruiting Vegetables: Eggplant, groundcherry (<i>Physalis spp.</i>), okra, pepino (melon pear), Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato	1 Day
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, lampala); Anugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Sediery, Celtuce, Chervi, Chryseathermun (edible-leaved and garland), Cilantro (not for use on clantro grown for seed or coriander), Com Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland (yellow rocket, winter cress)), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escanole), Fennell-Torence (finochio), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden), Purslane (winter), Radiochio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach), Wiss Chard	1 Day
Root and Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beets): Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdook, Edible Canna, Carnot, Cassava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celery Root), Chayote (Root), Turnip-Rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chula, Dasheen (Iano), Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Turnip-Rooted Parisley, Parisnip, Potato, Oriental Radish (Daikon), Radish, Rutabaga, Salsify (Oyster Plant), Black Salsify, Spanish Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tanier (Cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam Bean, Yam (True)	1 Day
Sunflowers: Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia, Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia	30 Days

VEGETABLES	PHI (Days)
Bulb Vegetables (Allium spp.): Garlic; Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant); Green Eschalots; Japanese Bunching Onions; Leeks; Onion, Dy Bulb and Green; Onion, Welch; Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green; Spring Onion or Scallions	7 Days
Peanuts	7 Days

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS

BERKIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS
USE Servine Transcet Cilier Concentrate as a spot treatment for pest infestations on the berries, fruits and ruls listed below. Do not make applications to tress over 10 feet or trees with areas inaccessible to sprays, Apply spriny miture to upper and lower leaves, around fruit clusters, and on branches and trurks to wet thoroughly. Do not apply to the point of runoff. Reapply no more than once every seven days if insects return and provided the Pre-Harvest Inlervals are followed accordingly.

BERRIES, FRUITS, AND NUTS	PHI (Days)
Berries Crop Group: Blackberry, loganberry, Red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant, elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these	1 Day
Grapes	1 Day
Pome Fruit Group: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, and Quince	14 Days
Stone Fruit Group: Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh)	14 Days
Tree Nuts Group: Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, buttemut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)	7 Days
Tropical Fruits: Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple	1 Day
Citrus Trees: Orange, Grapefruit, Lemon. Lime, Citrus Hybrids (including Tangelo), Mandarin, Tangerine, Pummelo, Calamondin, Citron, Kumquat	1 Day

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS, AND GROUND COVERS

Use Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate as a spot treatment for pest infestations on oramental trees, shrubs, flowers and ground covers. Spray up to the point of run-off making sure to cover all sides of leaves and trunk. For ground covers, bedding plants, foliage, annuals and perennials, apply as a uniform spray, Reapply if pests return but repeat applications should be limited to no more than once per seven days.

Certain plants including annuals may be sensitive to the final cercus entition. A

Certain plants including annuals may be sensitive to the final spray solution. A limited area should be treated and observed for one week prior to application to the entire planting.

OUTDOOR PERIMETER TREATMENTS

Apply to the point of run-off as a residual spray to vegetation including bushes and trees around buildings and other structures. For artis, apply to any traits, as a spot cack or crevice relament around doors and windows and other places where anismay be found. To prevent pests from entering buildings, apply to a band of soil and vegetation 5 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also treat the building foundation to a height of up to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray. The surface to be treated should be dry at the time of application.

LAWNS

LAWNS
Uniformly apply 4 fl. oz. Sevin® Insect Killer Concentrate per gallon of water per 250 sq.ft area. For best results, apply after mowing (lawn should not be longer than 3 inches at the time of application). Repeat applications are necessary only if there are signs of renewed insect activity.

PESTS CONTROLLED

Caterpillars, Butterflies and Moths

Tent forming caterpillars, cocoon forming caterpillars, chrysalis forming

Caterpillars.

Leaf feeding caterpillars (including leaves of flowering plants, bushes and other omamentals, vegetables and trees), azalea leafminers, green cloverworm, fruit eating caterpillars, legume feeding caterpillars, vegetable feeding caterpillars, stem and frunk boring caterpillars, and leafmilling caterpillars, stem and frunk boring caterpillars, and leafmilling caterpillars, stem and frunk boring caterpillars, and leafmilling caterpillars of the Yucca Moth family including Float on the moths, Clothes moth family, selecthid moth family including Potato tuber moths, Emmie Moth family including Alanthus Webworn moth; Clear Winged moth family including Marroot borer, Squash Vire borer, Dolfs Clearwing moth, California Sycamore borer, Tortricid Moth family (miles) including Fruit Tree Leaffoller moth, Orange Fortix, and Codiling moth; Skippers including Least Skipper, Swellovstalis including Green swallowtail, Zebra Swallowtail, Gaint Swallowtail, Grien Swallowtail, Spicebush Swallowtail, and Probebus Whites, Sulphurs and Orange Tip, Sramily including Sara Orange Tip, Great Southern White, and European Cabbage Butterfly, Gossamer-Winged Butterflies Family including Great Purple Hairstreak, Spring Azure, Early Hairstreak, Eastern Talled blue, Harvester, Slivery Dlue, Blown Ellin, American Copper, and Gray Hairstreak. Metalmark Butterly, Gossamel-Winged Butterflies Family including Great Purple Harstreak, Spring Azure, Early Haristreak, Eastern Tailed blue, Harvester, Silvery Blue, Brown Elin, Marine Blue, American Copper, and Gray Haistreak, Melalmark family including Northern Metalmark, Snout Butterflie samily including Common Snout Butterly, Brush-Footed Butterfly family including Gulf-frillary, White Peacock, Harris' Checkerspot, Painted Lady (Thistle butterfly), American Paintel Lady (Painted Beauty), Baltimore, Zebra (Yellow-berred Heliconian), Viceroy, White Admiral (Banded Purple), Mourning Cloak, Milbert's Tortoise Shell, Pearl Crescent, Question Mark, Buckeye, Great Spangel Frillary, and Red Admiral Hackberry and Goatweed Butterfly family including Hackberry butterfly, Salvrs, Nympts and Arctics family including Wood Nymph, Harnican Grayling), White Wood Salyr, Eyed Brown (Grass Nymph), Pearly Eye, and Chrysus Arctic. Smoly Moth family including Grape Leaf Skeletonizer, Slug Caterpillar Moth fymily including Mediferranean Flour Moth Sod Webworm Moth, Indian Meal Moth, Meal Moth, Jeal Moth, Bearly including Triple (Particolar Moth), Meal Moth, Tent Caterpillar Moth fymily including Tulip Tree Beauty, California Cankerworm Moth, and Large California Spanworm Moth; Tent Caterpillar Moth fregal Moth (Royan Walpel Moth), Irmota Moth, Sheon Moth, Pomethera Moth (Spicebus Silkmoth), Regal Moth (Roya Walpel Moth), Indian Mediferranean Flour Moth family including Juria -creeper Sphinx, Pandora Sphinx, Moth; Sphinx moth family including Virginia-creeper Sphinx, Pandora Sphinx, Hummingbird Moth (Common Clearwing), White-Ined Sphinx, Tomato Hornworm Moth, Tobacco Hornworm Moth, Tipe Caterpillar Moth, Spep Moth, Moth, Sphinx moth family including Gunding Flated Prominenets (Puss Moths), and Red-humped Appleworm Moth family including Gunding Flated Prominenets (Puss Moths), and Red-humped Appleworm Moth family including Clina Cleanuclid moth; Tussok Moth; Vellow Woolby Bear Moth, Accae Moth, Milweder Tiger Moth, Clinchid Moth (Panderd Mot

Common Bristletails

Silverfish Family including Silverfish, and Firebrat

Springtails

Podurid Springtail family including Snow Pea, Seashore Springtail; Entomobryid Springtail family including Ainsley's Springtail; Globular Springtail family

Cockroaches

Blattid Cockroach Family including Oriental Cockroach (Asiatic Cockroach, Shad Cockroach), and American Cockroach (Waterbug); Blattellid Cockroaches family including German Cockroach (Crolon Bug)

Termites

Rotting-wood termite family including Pacific Coast Termite; Subterranean termite family including subterranean termites. Not intended to replace structural treatments. For termities — Do not use this product as the sole source of control for active, structural infestations by subterranean termites; the purpose of this application is folk ill workers or winged reproductive forms of termities which are present at the time of treatment. It is not inlended to provide structural pest

PESTS CONTROLLED - continued

Termites - continued

control. It is not a substitute for mechanical alteration, soil and foundation treatment, but merely a supplement. For active, structural infestations by subtlemanean termities, this product can only be used to supplement a federally registered conventional product that is registered as a sole source for termitie control. This product will not eliminate termitle infestations or provide protection against future infestation. control. It is not a substitute for mechanical alteration, soil and foundation

Earwigs

Long-Homed Earwig family including Ring-legged Earwig, and Riparian Earwig; Common Earwig family including European Earwig

Grasshoppers & Crickets

Grasshopper Sac Crickets

Grasshopper family including Aztee Pygmy Grasshopper; Short-Homed
Grasshopper family including Aztee Pygmy Grasshopper; Short-Homed
Grasshopper family including Creosote Bush Grasshopper; Lubber Grasshopper;
Painted Grasshopper; Carolina Loust, Dragon Lubber Grasshopper (Differential Grasshopper; Berbelanded Grasshopper; Barber Barber Grasshopper; Differential Grasshopper; Pathe-spotted grasshopper; Southeastern Lubber Grasshopper; Alldacea Bird Grasshopper, Familter-spotted grasshopper; Southeastern Lubber Grasshopper; Grasshopper; Fallid-winged Grasshopper; Grasshopper; Fallid-winged Grasshopper; Grasshopper; Pallid-winged Grasshopper; Grasshopper; Bright-winged Grasshopper; Grasshop including Northern Mole Cricket and European Mole Cricket

True Bugs

True Bugs

Plant Bug family including Adelphocoris Plant Bugs, Scarlet Plant bugs, Tarnished Plant Bugs, and Four-lined Plant Bug. Assassin bug family including Bee Assassins. Wheel Bug. Ambush Bug family including Jagged Ambush Bug family including Samila Fastern Bug family including Ost Lace Bug; Seed Bug family including Samila Eastern Milkweed Bug; Long-necked Seed Bug, and Large Milkweed Bug; Stilt Bug family including Still Bugs. Leaf-footed Bug family including Florida Leaf-Footed Bug, and Squash Bug; Scentless Plant Bug family including Florida Leaf-Footed Bug, and Squash Bug; Scentless Plant Bug family including Green Sink Bug Brodymenas, Iwo-spotted Sink Bug (Conspicuous Stink Bug), Harlequin Cabbage Bug (Callos Bug, Fire Bug), and Spined Soldier Bug

Cicadas and Kin

Cicada family including Periodical Cicadas, Dogday Harvestfly, and Grand

Treehoppers

Treehopper family, including Thorn-mimic Treehopper, Oak Treehopper, Buffalo Treehopper, and Locust Treehopper

Leafhoppers

eafhopper family including Grape Leafhopper, Scarlet-and-green Leafhopper, Sharpshooter, Spotted Lanter

Thrips Banded Thrips family including Banded-wing Thrips; Common Thrips family

Beetles

Beetles
Tiger Beetle Family including Beaufful Tiger Beetle, Dainty Tiger Beetle,
Six-Spotted Green Tiger Beetle, and Dejeants Flightless Tiger Beetle, Ground
Beetle family including Bombardier Beetle, Fiery Searcher (Caterpillar hunter),
European Ground Beetle, Green Pubescent Ground Beetle, Ommon Black
Ground Beetle, and Boat-backed Ground Beetle, Predacious Diving Beetle family
including Small Flat Diving Beetle, Large Diving Beetle, and Marthed Diving Beetle,
Whirting Beetle family including Large Whitting Beetle and Small Whirtingig Beetle,
Hister Beetle family including Hister beetles, Rove Beetle family including
Gold-and-brown Rove Beetle and Pictured Rove Beetle, Camino Beetle family
including Margined Burying Beetle, Tomentose Burying Beetle (Gold-necked

Beetles - continued
Carrion Beetle), American Carrion Beetle, and Northern Carrion Beetle; Stag Beetle Beetles - continued

Carrion Beetle), American Carrion Beetle, and Northern Carrion Beetle; Stag Beetle family including Elephant Stag Beetle, Agassiz's Flat-horned Stag Beetle, Reddish-brown Stag Beetle, Agassiz's Stag Beetle, Stag Beetle, Reddish-brown Stag Beetle, Agassiz's Stag Beetle, Besbugs family including European Patent-leather Beetle (Horned Passallus); Scarab Beetle family including European Chafer Beetle (adults), Flower Chafers (Futul and Flower Chafers), Leaf Chafers, Rose Chafers, Lumblebugs, Goldsmith Beetle, Green Juming Beetle, Brown Fruit Chafer, Glossy Pillbug, criapevine Beetle, May Beetles June Beetles, Indi-lined June Beetles, and Japanese Beetle, Metalle Wood-Dorng Beetles induding Golden Buprestid. Westem Pine Borer (Sculptured Pine Borer), and Divergent Metallic Wood Borer (Flatheaded Cherny Tree Borer); Click Beetle family including Eastern Eyed Click Beetle (Big-eyed Click Beetle), and Fire Beetles, Firefilies (Lightning Bugs) family including Pyrals Firefily, and Pernsylvania Firefily, Soldier Beetle family including Pyrals Firefily, and Pernsylvania Firefily, Soldier Beetle family including Beetle family including Banded Net-wing, and Coviden Net-wing. Spider Beetle family including Spider Beetles, and Fired Seetle family including Beetle Seetle, Branch and Twig Beetles including Rough Fired Borer, Checkered Beetle, Erany Spider Beetle, Branch and Twig Beetle, Fired Beetle, Adiphyug Beetle, Caphyug Beetles including Rough Fired Beetle, Adiphyug Beetle, Caphyug Beetles including Rough Fired Beetle, Adiphyug Beetle, Caphyug Beetle, Adiphyug Be

Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawflies

Bees, Ants, Wasps, Sawfiles
Cimbioid Sawfiles family including Rusty Willow Sawfiy. Common Sawfiy family including Northeastern sawfiy, Homtail family including Pigeon Homtail, and Smokey Homtails. Stem Sawfiles family including Pigeon Homtail. Braconids family including Braconid Wasps, Ichneumons family including Gait Chneumons. Short-tailed chemeumons and Read-tailed chemeumon, Tonymid Wasp smally including California Torymus, Chalcid family including Golden-yellow Chalcid; Gall Wasps and Live Dak Gall Wasp. Pelecinid family including California Torymus, Chalcid family including Five-banded Tiphid Wasp, Velek-Anth including Thieldown Weble-ant, Red Velek-anth, and Cow Killer, Scoliid Wasp family including Scarab-hunter Wasp, and Digger Wasp. Ant Tamily including Spine-wasted ants, Lealcutter ants, Isaxa Carpenter ants, Black Carpenter ants, Called-nest ants, Crazler-hory Anth, Tawny Crazy Anth, Ta

PESTS CONTROLLED - continued

FIES
Crane fly family including Wood-boring Tupulid. Giant Western Crane Fly, and
Crane Flies, Phantom Crane Flies including Phantom Crane Fly, Net-winged
Midges including Comstock's Net-winged Midge; Phantom Midges, Black Flies
including Black flies, March Flies family including March Flies including Black flies, March Flies family including March Flies, Fungus, Grals's, Singe Fly family including March Flies, Flower-lowing Fly family including
Flower-lowing Fly, Mydas Fly rathly including
Flower-lowing Fly, Large Bee
Flies, and Progressive bee Flies; Bee Flies including Deance Flies;
Long-Legged Flies including Condylostylid Long-legged Flies, and Flore
Flies, Blomer Flies, Bee Flies including Deance Flies;
Long-Legged Flies including Condylostylid Long-legged Flies, and Flower
Fly, Thick Headed Fly family including Woollly Baar Hover Flies, Elongate
Aphid Flies, Drone Flies, Bub Flies, American Hover Flies, and Toxomerus Hover
Fly, Thick Headed Fly family including Woollly Baar Hover Flies, Elongate
Aphid Flies, Drone Flies, Bub Flies, American Hover Flies, and Toxomerus Hover
Fly, Thick Headed Fly family including Woollly Baar Hover Flies, Elongate
Magod Fly, Seaweed Fly family including Valenty Husk Fly, and Apple
Magod Fly, Seaweed Fly family including Valenty Husk Fly, and Apple
Magod Fly, Seaweed Fly family including Fly family including Dealer
Fly, Thick Fly, Flamily including Fly family including Dealer
Fly, Fly family including Flower Fly, and Fly family including March Fly family including March Fly family including March Fly, Flamily including Fly family includi Fringe-legged Tachinid Fly

Spiders

Folding trapdoor spider family including Turet spider, Tarantula family including Desert Tarantula; Trapdoor Spider family including California Trapdoor spider, Dictynd spider family including Branch-yip spiders; Spitting spider family including Spitting Spiders; Volin Spider family including American House Spider, Oromb-fordet Spider family including American House Spider, Sheet-web Weaver family including Hammook Spider, Orow Spider, Sheet-web Weaver family including Hammook Spider (ross spider), Marbled orb Weaver, Shamrook Spider, Six-spotted Orb-weaver, Silver Argiope, Black-and Yellow Argiope, Crabille Spiny Orb Weaver, Slab Spider Argiope, Black-and Yellow Argiope, Crabille Spiny Orb Weaver, Black Spider Argiope, Six-spotted Spider (calico spider), Large-jawed Orb Weaver family including Mabel Orchard Spider (venusta Orchard Spider, Elongale Long-jawed Orb Weaver, Fund Vegever, Fund Crab Spider family including Goldenrod spider (flower spider, red-spotted Crab Spider), Elegant Crab Spider, Thrice-banded Crab Spider; Philodromid family Including Inconspicuous Crab Spiders; Jumping Spiders Including Green Lyssomanes, Dimorphic Jumping Spider, Metaphid Jumping Spider, Ant-mimi Jumping Spider, and Daring Jumping Spider, Metaphid Jumping Spider, Ant-mimi Jumping Spider, and Daring Jumping Spider Daddy-long-legs family including Eastern Daddy-long-legs and Brown Daddy-long-legs

Ticks

Blacklegged tick, Brown dog tick, Deer tick, Lone Star tick

Psyllid, Whiteflies, Aphids, Mealybugs, Scale Insects

PSyllid, writerines, Aprilias, meary/outs, Scare insects

Psyllid family including American Alder Psyllid; Whitelity family including
Greenhouse Whitelity, Aphid family including Green Apple Aphid, Rossy Apple
Aphid, Rose, Pea and Potato Aphid, Rost Aphid, Rose Aphid, Rose, Aphid, Aphid,

Millipedes

Millipedes including soft millipedes, Florida millipede, Almond millipede, North American millipede and flat millipedes

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)	Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
VEGETABLES Brassica vegetables:	Com Earworm, Cucumber Beetles, Cutworm, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Leafhoppers, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Southern Cabbageworm, Tobaco Budworm Affalfa Looper, Armyworms, Cabbage Looper, Cabbage Webworm, Ground Beetles, Leafminers (adults), Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stinkbugs, Wirreworm (adults), Aphids, and Whiteflies Chinch Bug, Corn Rootworm (Adult), Com Silldy, Cutworms, Flea Beetle, Leafmoppers,	(Days) (Days) Spray up to 1 day before harvesting Peas and Dried Shelled Peas Succulent Shelled Peas Succulent Shelled Peas Supar Shap Pea, Figen pea, Figen pea, Figen pea, Figen pea, Figen pea, Figen Pea, Garden Pea, Green Pea, Lentil Legume Vegetables Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Succulent Edible-Podded Beans, Sang Pea, Succulent Shelled Beans, and Dried Shelled Beans. Runner Bean, Snap Bean, Wax Bean, Sparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Sang Bean, Wax Bean, Asparagus Bean, Chinese Longbean, Sing Bean, Chinese Longbean, Sing Bean, Chinese Longbean, Shenged Bean, Shenged Bean		Cutworms, Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar, Saltmarsh Caterpillar, Silverspotted Skipper, Alfalfa Caterpillar, Ammyworm, Southern Armyworm, True Armyworm, Yellow-Stirped Bean Leaf Beetle, Bister Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetle, European Corm Borer, Corm Borer, Southwestern Com Earworm, Corm Rodworm Beetle (adult), Cowpea Curcuilio, Cucuriber Beetle, Flae Beetle, Green Cloverworm, Ground Beetles, Imported Cabbageworm, Japanesse Beetle, Leaf Skeletonizers, Leafthoppers, Leafminers (adultis), Mexican Bean Beetle, Paer Weevil, Paa Leaf Weevil, Plant Bugs, Potatio Leafhopper, Seedoorn Beetle,	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting on succulent shelled or edible-podded peas or beans, and up to 21 days before harvesting for dried shelled peas or beans, and shelled peas or beans harvesting for dried shelled peas or beans
Cucurbit vegetables: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Waxgourd (Chinese Preserving Melon), Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible) (including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese orkra), Mommordica spp. (includes	Japanese Beetle (Adult), Sap Beetle (adult), Tamished Plant Bug, Armyworms, Com Borers, Com Earworm, Grasshoppers, Aphids Cutworms, Cabbage Looper, Cucumber Beetles (adult), Leafhoppers, Melonworm, Pickleworm, Rindworm, Squash Bug, Squash Vine Borer, Com Earworm, Plant Bugs, Stinkbugs	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	Bean, Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed.) Swordbean, Lima Bean, Broad Bean (Fava Bean), Black-eyed Pea, Southern Pea, Grain Lupin, Sweet Lupin, White Lupin, White Sweet Lupin, Field Bean, Kidney Bean, Navy Bean, Adzuki Bean, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, Moth Bean, Murg Bean, Rice Bean, Urd Bean, Chickpea (Garbanzo Bean), Guar, Lablab Bean	Leafinopper, Seedcom Beetle, Seedcom Maggot (adult), Spittlebug, Thrae-Cornered Alfalfa, Hopper, Tobacco Budworm, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Webworms, Woolly Bear Caterpillar	
balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of Cucumis melo) (includes true cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer Squash (includes rookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), Winter Squash (includes burten squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, and spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes burten), Watermelon includes burten), Watermelon includes burten), Watermelon includes burten), Watermelon includes byten), Watermelon includes byten), Watermelon includes byten), Watermelon includes bytenids and varieties)		Fruiting vegetables: Eggplant, groundcherry (Physals spp.), okra pepino (Melon pear), pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato	Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, Tine Armyworm, Yellow-striped Celery Leaf Tier, Colorado Potalo Beetle, Corn Borer, European Corn Borer, Southwestern Corn Earnvorm, Cucumber Beetle, Cutworm, Flea Beetle, Garden Webworm, Green Sink Bug, Hornworms, Leafminers (adults), Leafmopers, Meadow Spittlehus, Pepper Maggod (adults), Pepper Maggod (adults)	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	
		Leafy vegetables: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tempala), Arugula (Roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Cilantro (not for use on cilantro grown for seed or	Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles, Cutworms, Diamondack Moth, Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm, Leaftoppers, Saltmarsh Cateprillar, Tobacco Budworm, Armyworms, Loopers, Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stink Bugs, Wireworm	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)	Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)
VEGETABLES			VEGETABLES		
coriander) Corn Salad, Cress (Garden, Upland (yellow rocket, winter cress)), Dandelion; Dock (sorrel), Endive, (escarole), Fennell-Torence (finochio), Garden Cress, Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden), Purslane (winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach (including New Zealand and vine, Malabar spinach, Indian soinach), Swiss chard	Com Earworm Cucumber Beetles, Cutwoms, Diamondback Moth, Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm, Leaftoppers, Saltmarsh Catepillar, Tobacco Budworm, Armyworms, Loopers, Lygus Bugs, Onion Thrips, Stink Bugs, Wireworm	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	Peanuts	Cutworm spp., Green Cloverworm, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Red-necked Peanut Worm, Bean Leaf Beetle, Leafflooper spp., Southern Com Rootworm (adult), Vegetable Weevil, Whitefinged Beetle (adult), Aprild sop., Armyworm, Beet, Fall Armyworn, Com Eanworm, Grasshopper spp., Lesser Comstalk Borer, Soybean Looper, Stink Bug spp., Tobacco Thirps	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting PHI (Days)
, ,,		\vdash	BERRIES, FRUITS, AND		
Root & Tuber Vegetables (except sugar beets): Arriacacha, Arrowoot, Artichoke (Chinese and Janusalem), Garden Beet, Edible Burdock, Edible Canna, Carrot, Casasava (Bitter and Sweet), Celeriac (Celery Root), Chayote (Root), Turnip-Rooted Chervil, Chicory, Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Glinseng, Horseradish, Leren, Tumip-Rooted Parsley, Parsinp, Potato, Oriental Radish (Dalkon), Rutabaga, Salsify (Oyster Plant), Black Salsify, Skirret, Sweet Potato, Tainer (Cocoyam), Turmeric, Turnip, Yam Bean, Yam (True)	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	Berries Crop Group: Blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, blueberry, highbush and lowbush, currant; elderberry, gooseberry, huckleberry, cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Leafrollers, Orange Tortrix, Root Weevils	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	
		Grapes	Eastern Grape Leafhopper, Variegated Leafhopper, Western Grape Leafhopper, and Spotted Lanternfly	Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	
			Pome Fruit Group: Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear, and Quince	Apole Maggot, Codling Moth, European Apole Sawfly, Green Fruitworm, Japanese Beetle, Lesser Appleworm, Ohlique Banded Leafroller, Oriental Fruit Moth, Pandemis Leafroller, Pear Psylla, Plum Curculio, Potato Leafropper, Redbanded Leafroller, Rosy Apple Aphid, Spirea Aphid, Sootled Tentiform Leafminer, Stink Bugs, Tamished Plant Bug, Tuffed Apple Bud Mohl, Variegated	Spray up to 14 days before harvesting
Sunflowers: Castor Oil Plant, Chinese Tallowtree, Euphorbia,	Cutworm spp., White Grub, Wireworm	Spray up to 30 days before	01	Leafroller, White Apple Leafhopper, Spotted Lanternfly	Communicate
Evening Primrose, Jojoba, Niger Seed, Rose Hip, Stokes Aster, Tallowwood, Tea Oil Plant, and Vernonia		harvesting	Stone Fruit Group: Apricot, Cherry (Sweet and Tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw Plum, Damson Plum, and Japanese	American Plum Borer, Black Cherry Aphid, Cherry Fruit Fly, Green Fruitworm, Leafrollers, Leafhoppers, Lesser Peach Tree Borer, Peach Tree Borer, Peach Twig Borer, Plum Curculio, Oriental Fruit Moth, Rose	Spray up to 14 days before harvesting
Bulb Vegetables (Allium spp.): Garlic, Garlic, Garlic, Great-Headed (elephant), Green Eschalots, Japanese Bunching Onions, Leeks, Onion, Dry Bulb and Green, Onion, Welch, Shallots, Dry Bulb and Green, Spring Onion or Scal	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting	Plum), Plumcot, Prune (fresh)	Chafer, Spotted Lanternfly, Stink Bugs, Tarnished Plant Bug, Tufted Apple Budmoth, Western Cherry Fruit Fly, Spotted Lanternfly		
			Tree Nuts Group: Almond, beech nut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, hilbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English)	Black Pecan Aphid. Codling Moth, Filbert Worn, Hickory Shuckworn, Leaflooted Bugs, Navel Orangeworn, Oblique-banded Leaffoller, Pecan Frylic Borer, Pecan Leaf Casebearer, Pecan Nut Casebearer, Pecan Phylloxera, Pecan Weevil, Plant Bugs, Stink Bugs, Walnut Aphid, Walnut Husk Fly, Yellow Pecan Aphid	Spray up to 7 days before harvesting Do not apply more than 12 oz of this product per 1,000 sq.ft.

Plants	Pests	PHI (Days)	NOTES
BERRIES, FRUITS, AND	NUTS	(20,5)	
Tropical Fruits: Avocado, Black Sapote, Canistel, Mamey Sapote, Mango, Papaya, Sapodilla, Star Apple		Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	
Citrus Trees: Orange, Grapefruit, Lemon. Lime, Citrus Hybrids (including Tangelo), Mandarin, Tangerine, Pummelo, Calamondin, Citron, Kumquat		Spray up to 1 day before harvesting	
	NOTES		
			-