



GROUP 7 | 11 FUNGICIDE

432-1537_Broadform_20180906_252_432

Broadform™

Intended for use by commercial applicators.
For use on ornamentals and crops in residential and commercial landscapes, interiorscapes, field grown and container crops in nurseries and greenhouses, lathouses, shadehouses, and other enclosed structures.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

FLUOPYRAM* 21.40%

TRIFLOXYSTROBIN* 21.40%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 57.20%**TOTAL:** 100.00%

Contains 2.10 lbs fluopyram and 2.10 lbs trifloxystrobin per gallon

*(CAS Number 658066-35-4 and 141517-21-7)

EPA Reg. No. 432-1537

Suspension Concentrate

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

For **MEDICAL** and **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies **ONLY** Call
24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

For **PRODUCT USE** Information Call 1-800-331-2867

Net Contents

12 Fl. Oz.**85758497**

85761811A 180410AV1

See Back Panel for First Aid
Instructions and Booklet for
Complete Precautionary
Statements and Directions for Use.

FIRST AID

| | |
|---|--|
| If swallowed: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| If on skin or clothing: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If inhaled: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |
| <p>In case of emergency call toll free the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Telephone No. 1-800-334-7577.</p> <p>Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.</p> | |
| NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat Symptomatically. | |

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS****CAUTION**

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Produced for:

Bayer Environmental Science
A Division of Bayer CropScience LP
2 T. W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Bayer

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- long-sleeved shirt
- long pants
- shoes plus socks
- chemical-resistant (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions exist for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

Surface Water Label Advisories

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluopyram.

Ground Water Advisory

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Run Off Management

Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, plant injury, other property damage, as well as other unintended consequences may result because of factors beyond the control of Bayer CropScience LP. Those factors include, but are not limited to, weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or application. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Bayer CropScience is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BAYER CROPSCIENCE DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT BAYER CROPSCIENCE'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water), is:

- coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- socks and shoes
- chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber \geq 14 mils

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Broadform™ is a broad spectrum fungicide with preventative, systemic, and curative properties for the control or suppression of certain ornamental and crop diseases.

FOR USE ON:

- Ornamentals in residential and commercial landscapes, interiorscapes, field grown and container ornamentals in nurseries and greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and other enclosed structures.
- Crops in residential and commercial landscapes, interiorscapes, field grown and container crops in nurseries and greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and other enclosed structures.

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than the maximum annual rate for each specific use from any combination of products containing FLUOPYRAM.
- Not for sale, distribution, or use in Nassau and Suffolk counties, New York except as permitted under FIFRA 24(c), Special Local Need registration.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

The active ingredients in Broadform belong to two different fungicide groups, the pyridinyl-ethyl-

benzamides (Group 7) and the QoI or strobilurins (Group 11). To maintain long-term effectiveness of this fungicide, follow the specific resistance management guidance listed on this label. The following practices may delay the development of fungicide resistance.

1. **Start spray programs early:** Spray programs that begin before pathogens attack keep fungal populations low and reduce the likelihood of resistance. Consult your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor and/or manufacturer representative for recommendations on when to begin spray programs.
2. **Alternate products:** Use spray programs that include alternation of products from different fungicide groups.
3. **Use at least the minimum labeled rate and do not extend spray intervals beyond label requirements:** Use of rates below the minimum labeled rate can shorten the useful life of a fungicide. Furthermore, stretching application intervals too long may leave ornamentals or crops unprotected, allowing the pathogen population to multiply, and increasing the likelihood for resistance to develop.
4. **IPM:** Applications of fungicides should be integrated into an overall disease and pest management program. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development should be followed. Consult your local extension specialist, certified advisor and/or manufacturer representative for additional IPM strategies established for your area

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Airblast (Air Assist) Applications for ornamental trees and crops.

Airblast sprayers carry droplets into the canopy of trees/vines via a radially, or laterally directed air stream. Follow the following specific drift management practices:

- Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy;
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy;
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage;
- Do not allow the spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area (i.e., turn off sprayer when turning at end rows);
- Only spray inward, toward the tree stand, for applications to the outside rows.

COMPATIBILITY TESTING AND TANK MIX PARTNERS

Compatibility

Broadform is physically and biologically compatible with many registered pesticides and fertilizers or micronutrients. However, it is known that many components, including pesticides, fertilizers, micronutrients, and spray adjuvants, may be present in a tank mix combination. There is potential for adverse chemical reactions. It is impossible to determine physical, biological, and plant compatibility for all scenarios that may be encountered; therefore, users must determine the chemical, physical, biological and plant compatibility of such mixes prior to making applications on a broad commercial scale.

Order of Mixing

Broadform may be used with other recommended pesticides, fertilizers, and micronutrients. The proper mixing procedure for Broadform alone or in tank mix combinations with other pesticides is:

1. fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/3 full with clean water;
2. while recirculating and with the agitator running, add any products in PVA bags (**See Note**). Allow time for thorough mixing;
3. continue to fill spray tank with water until 1/2 full;
4. add any wettable powder (WP), water dispersible granule (WG/WDG) products, or "flowable" (FL/SC) type products;
5. allow enough time for thorough mixing of each product added to tank;
6. add required amount of Broadform, and;
7. if applicable, add any remaining tank mix components: emulsifiable concentrates (EC), fertilizers and micronutrients;
8. fill spray tank to desired level and maintain constant agitation to ensure uniformity of spray mixture.

RESTRICTION: Do not use PVA packets in a tank mix with products that contain boron or release free chlorine.

PRECAUTION: The resultant reaction of PVA and boron or free chlorine is a plastic that is not soluble in water or solvents.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Applications using sufficient water volume to provide thorough and uniform coverage generally provide the most effective disease control. Do not make applications when conditions favor drift beyond the target application area. Avoid spraying when windy, high temperature, drought, low relative humidity, or temperature inversion conditions exist.

Ground Application

For ground application equipment, apply:

- 50 to 100 gallons of solution per acre for disease control on ornamental plants and crops

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT ON ORNAMENTALS AND CROPS

Broadform is a dual mode of action, site-specific fungicide belonging to the strobilurin class of chemistry and an inhibitor of succinate dehydrogenase (SDHI). Fungal pathogens are known to develop resistance to fungicides with a specific mode of action. When site-specific fungicides are introduced without a clear resistance management strategy, resistance development may be rapid, particularly with greenhouse use.

Many fungi which attack ornamentals and flowering plants including Botrytis and powdery mildews have a history of fungicide resistance development. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, implementation of suitable strategies to manage the resistance risk to Broadform is needed. To minimize the risk of resistance development to Broadform, the following practices are prescribed.

1. Use Broadform preventively.
2. For Leaf Spots and diseases other than Powdery Mildew, Downy Mildew, and Botrytis:
 - A. Use no more than two (2) applications of Broadform before rotating to another effective product that is not in the strobilurin or SDHI class of chemistry for two (2) applications before rotating back to Broadform.

OR

- B. Rotate to another fungicide of non-strobilurin/SDHI chemistry after each Broadform application.
3. For Powdery Mildew, Downy Mildew, and Botrytis:
 - A. Between each Broadform application, make two (2) applications of a fungicide of nonstrobilurin chemistry before rotating back to Broadform.
- OR**
- B. Rotate to another fungicide of non-strobilurin/SDHI chemistry after each Broadform application.
4. Make no more than four (4) foliar applications of Broadform per growing cycle or season for each at risk pathogen. Soil applications are independent of this limit.
 5. Do not use Broadform for disease control in fruit and vegetables grown in greenhouses for crop production.

ORNAMENTALS DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Broadform is a broad-spectrum fungicide for the control of certain foliar and stem diseases of listed ornamentals.

Foliar Diseases: Broadform will control foliar diseases of ornamentals when applied as a foliar spray. Apply Broadform at 2-8 oz/100 gals to the point of drip and repeat at 7 to 14-day intervals until the threat of disease is over. Start applications when conditions are favorable for disease development and continue until the threat of disease is over.

ORNAMENTAL USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 27.3 fl. oz.¹ of Broadform per acre of production or acre of landscape per year or crop cycle for plants grown in outdoor nurseries, outdoor seedbeds, field plantings, and landscapes.
- Do not apply more than 27.3 fl. oz.¹ of Broadform per acre per year or crop cycle to seedlings and plants grown in greenhouses, containers, and other enclosed structures.
- For foliar applications, do not apply more than 8 fl. oz.² of Broadform per acre per application.
- Under light disease pressure , do not exceed 13 applications at 2 fl. oz. for foliar applications.
- Do not use aerial applications.

¹The yearly rate on ornamentals contains 0.446 lbs each of trifloxystrobin and fluopyram per acre.

²The maximum single rate for foliar applications in ornamentals contains 0.13 lbs fluopyram and trifloxystrobin per acre.

ORNAMENTAL USE PRECAUTIONS

- Do not apply or allow drift to Concord grapes or plant injury may occur. Spray equipment must be rinsed before application of other products to Concord grapes or plant injury may occur.
- To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Avoid spray overlap.

APPLICATIONS FOR ORNAMENTAL DISEASES CONTROL

Application method

- Apply Broadform as a foliar spray to the point of drip, at the prescribed rates in 100 gallons of water before disease is detected or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Continue at the prescribed interval until the disease threat is over. Under heavy disease pressure, use the highest rate and the shortest interval. Under light disease pressure, the application interval may be extended. Use of spray additives is not required. Any spray additive must be evaluated prior to use. Label directions are based on data with no additives.
- For spray application do not exceed 100 gallon per acre of spray volume.

Ornamental disease control use directions

The plants that Broadform has been tested on, diseases that are controlled, and specific directions for use are listed in Tables 1 and 2. Refer to Table 1 for information on ornamentals and diseases that have been evaluated, and Table 2 for specific pathogens controlled, and guidelines on the rates and timing of application.

| Table 1 Broadform has been tested for phytotoxicity and been found safe to the following plants. The numbers in () indicate the diseases listed in Table 2 | | |
|--|--|---|
| Apple, nonbearing (11,13,14, 17) Azalea (2,5,11,12,13) Azalea (Rhododendron) (2,10,11,12,13) Begonia (5,11,12) Bellis (1,2,5) Camellia (2,5,12) Cherry, nonbearing (11,14, 17) Chrysanthemum (5,8,12,13) Citrus, nonbearing (11) Coleus (5,12) Crabapple, nonbearing (8,11,13,14) Daisy (12) Dianthus (1,5,8,12,13) Day Lily (8,12,13) Dieffenbachia spp. (9,10,12) Dogwood (<i>Cornus</i> spp.) (2,11) Dracaena (8) Dusty Miller (1,12) Euonymus (2,11) Ficus (2,12) | Geranium (1,5,11,13) Gerbera (caution on open flower) (2,5,11) Grasses (2,8,11,13) Pennisetum rubrum (Crimson Fountain Grass) Hawthorn, Indian (8,12) Heather, Mexican (12) Hedera spp. (2,5,10,12) Hibiscus (2,5,10,12) Holly (Ilex) (4) Hydrangea (11) Impatiens (1,12) Indian Hawthorne (Raphiolepis) (8) Lantana (12,13) Lagerstroemia (Crape myrtle) (11) Liriope (12) Lupines (2,5,11,12) Marigold (1,5,11,12) Nandina (2,11) Nectarine, nonbearing (8,11,14,17) Pansy (1,2,5,8,11,12) | Peach, nonbearing (5,12, 17) Penstemon (2,8,11) Petunia (5,12) Phlox (5,11) Pittosporum (1,8,12) Plum, nonbearing (5,11,14) Poinsettia (1,5,11,12,14) Prunus (2,5) Rabbit's Foot Fern (5,12) Photinia (Red Tip) (8) Rose (5,11,12,13,14) Salvia (1,5,11,12,13) Snapdragon (2,5,8,11,12,13) Spathiphyllum (9,10) Spirea (11) Syngonium (9,12) Verbena (5,11,12) Viburnum spp. (2,8,12) Zinnia (1,11) |
| RESTRICTIONS: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Do not use Broadform on leatherleaf fern. NOTE: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Non-bearing trees are defined as trees that will not bear fruit until at least 1 year after treatment.• Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, it is impossible to test every one for tolerance. For additional desired plants/cultivars, treat several plants with the prescribed rates and evaluate the tolerance of treated plants. | | |

Table 2
Ornamental diseases controlled by Broadform.

| Table 1 ref. | Disease | | Application Rate fl oz/100 gal. | Application Timing | Interval between Applications (days) |
|--------------|----------------------|---|--|--|---|
| | Common Name | Scientific Name | | | |
| 1. | Alternaria | <i>Alternaria</i> spp. | 4-8 as a foliar spray to the point of drip | Before disease is detected or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Under heavy pressure, use the highest rate and the shortest interval. Under light disease pressure, the application interval may be extended. | 7-14 until the threat of disease is over. |
| 2. | Anthracnose | <i>Colletotrichum</i> spp. | | | |
| 4. | Black spot | <i>Diplocarpon rosae</i> | | | |
| 5. | Botrytis | <i>Botrytis</i> spp. | | | |
| 8. | Leaf spot | <i>Septoria</i> spp. | | | |
| 13. | Rust | <i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp. <i>Phragmidium</i> spp. <i>Puccinia</i> spp. <i>Uromyces</i> spp. | | | |
| 14. | Scab | <i>Cladosporium</i> spp. <i>Sphaceloma</i> spp. <i>Venturia inaequalis</i> | 2-4 as a foliar spray to the point of drip | Before disease is detected or when conditions are favorable for disease development. | 7 - 14 day intervals until the threat of disease is over. |
| 9. | Myrothecium | <i>Myrothecium</i> spp. | | | |
| 10. | Phytophthora aerial | <i>Phytophthora nicotianae</i> | | | |
| 11. | Powdery mildew | <i>Erysiphe</i> spp. <i>Microsphaera</i> spp. <i>Oidium</i> spp. <i>Podosphaera</i> spp. <i>Sphaerotheca</i> spp. | | | |
| 17. | Blossom Blight | <i>Monilinia</i> spp. | 4-6 | Starting at bud break on non-bearing stone and pome fruit listed in table 1. | If conditions are favorable for disease development, apply again at full bloom and at petal fall or on a 14 - 21 day spray schedule |
| 12. | Rhizoctonia stem rot | <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> | 2-8 As foliar spray to the point of drip. | Start applications when conditions are favorable for disease development and continue until the threat of disease is over. | 7 to 14-day intervals until the threat of disease is over. |

CROP DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Broadform is a broad-spectrum fungicide for the control of certain foliar and stem diseases of listed crops.

CROP USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 27.1 fl. oz.¹ of Broadform per acre of production or acre of landscape per year or crop cycle for plants grown in outdoor nurseries, outdoor seedbeds, field plantings and landscapes.
- Do not apply more than 27.1 fl. oz.¹ of Broadform per acre per year or crop cycle to seedlings and plants grown in greenhouses, containers, and other enclosed structures.
- For foliar applications, do not apply more than 8 fl. oz.² of Broadform per acre per application
- Do not use aerial applications.
- Grapes: Do not make more than 6 applications per year. Do not apply or allow drift to Concord grapes or plant injury may occur. Spray equipment must be rinsed before application of other products to Concord grapes or plant injury may occur.
- Stone fruits: Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Tree nuts: Do not apply more than 15.3 fl. oz. of Broadform per acre per year. Under light disease pressure, do not exceed 3 applications at 5 fl. oz.
- Pome fruits: Do not apply more than 21.0 fl oz of Broadform per acre per year. Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

¹ The yearly rate on crop uses contains 0.44 lbs each of trifloxystrobin and fluopyram per acre.

² The maximum single foliar application rate for crop uses contains 0.13 lbs fluopyram and trifloxy-strobin per acre.

CROP USE PRECAUTIONS

- Do not apply or allow drift to Concord grapes or plant injury may occur. Spray equipment must be rinsed before application of other products to Concord grapes or plant injury may occur.
- To avoid spray drift, do not apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Avoid spray overlap.

APPLICATIONS FOR CROPS DISEASES CONTROL

Application method

- Apply Broadform as a foliar spray to the point of drip, at the prescribed rates in 100 gallons of water before disease is detected or when conditions are favorable for disease development. Continue at the prescribed interval until the disease threat is over. Under heavy disease pressure, use the highest rate and the shortest interval. Under light disease pressure, the application interval may be extended. Use of spray additives is not required. Any spray additive must be evaluated prior to use. Label directions are based on data with no additives.

- For spray application do not exceed 100 gallon per acre of spray volume.

Crop disease control use directions

The plants that Broadform have been tested on, diseases that are controlled, and specific directions for use are listed in Tables 1 and 2. Refer to Table 1 for information on ornamentals and diseases that have been evaluated, and Table 2 for specific pathogens controlled, and guidelines on the rates and timing of application.

Crop disease control use directions:

| Plant | Disease | | Application Rate (fl. oz. /100 gal.) | Application Timing | Interval between Applications (days) | Pre-Harvest Interval (days) |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------|
| | Common Name | Scientific Name | | | | |
| Citrus | Alternaria brown spot | <i>Alternaria alternata</i> | 7.6 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the shorter intervals. | 7-21 | 7 |
| | Greasy spot | <i>Mycosphaerella citri</i> | | | | |
| | Melanose | <i>Diaporthe citri</i> | | | | |
| | Scab | <i>Elsinoe fawcettii</i> | | | | |
| | Post-bloom fruit drop (PFD) | <i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i> | | | | |
| Grapes and small vine fruits See Note on Concord grapes below table | Powdery mildew | <i>Uncinula necator</i> | 4.0-7.6 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 14-21 | 14 |
| | Botrytis bunch rot / Gray mold | <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> | 5.0-7.6 | Applications must be made at the critical timings for Botrytis control. Typically, first applications are made at early bloom. Use sufficient water to ensure penetration of the canopy and coverage of the flowers. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 12-21 | |
| | Phomopsis cane and leaf spot | <i>Phomopsis viticola</i> | 5.0- 7.6 | Applications must begin at bud break. Continue as needed before 0.5 inch shoot length and again when shoots are 5 to 6 inches in length. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 14-21 | |
| | Black rot | <i>Guignardia bidwellii</i> | 5.0-7.6 | Begin applications when shoots are 1-3 inches in length and continue as needed. | 14 - 21 | |
| | Downy mildew (Suppression) | <i>Plasmopara viticola</i> | 7.6 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the shorter intervals. | 7-14 | |
| | Aspergillus rot (Suppression) | <i>Aspergillus</i> spp. | | | | |

continued

Crop disease control use directions (continued):

| Plant | Disease | | Application Rate (fl oz /100 gal) | Application Timing | Interval between Applications (days) | Pre-Harvest Interval (days) |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|--------------------------------|
| | Common Name | Scientific Name | | | | |
| Pome fruits | Powdery mildew | <i>Podosphaera leucotricha</i> | 5.0-5.8 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 7-14 | 14 |
| | Scab | <i>Venturia</i> spp. | 4.0-5.8 | Begin applications preventatively. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 7-14 | |
| | Cedar apple rust | <i>Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae</i> | | | | |
| | Sooty blotch | <i>Gloeodes pomigena</i> | | | | |
| | Fly speck | <i>Schizothyrium pomi</i> | | | | |
| Bitter rot (Suppression) | <i>Glomerella cingulata</i> | 4.0-5.8 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 7-14 | | |
| Stone-fruits | Brown rot blossom blight Fruit rot, blossom stage only | <i>Monilinia</i> spp. | 5.0-7.6 | Begin application preventatively or at white bud on cherry, pink bud on peach and nectarine, and green tip on plums and prunes. Apply again at 50% bloom and at petal fall if conditions continue to be favorable for disease development. | 7-14 | 1 |
| | Powdery mildew | <i>Podosphaera</i> spp. | 5.0-7.6 | Powdery mildew/Rusty spot: Follow leaf spot schedule until terminal growth ceases. Cherry leaf spot: Begin application at petal fall or when first leaves unfold. | 7-14 Applications must be made at 7-day intervals early in the growing season when terminal growth is rapid. | |
| | Rusty spot | <i>Sphaerotheca pannosa</i> | | | | |
| | Cherry leaf spot | <i>Blumeriella jaapii</i> | | | | |
| | Scab | <i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i> | 5.0-7.6 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 7-14 | |
| | Jacket rot | <i>Botrytis cinerea</i> | | | | |
| | Green fruit rot | | | | | |
| | Shot hole | <i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i> | | | | |
| Anthraxnose | <i>Colletotrichum</i> spp. | | | | | |
| Peach leaf curl | <i>Taphrina</i> spp. | | | | | |

continued

Crop disease control use directions (continued):

| Plant | Disease | | Application Rate (fl oz /100 gal) | Application Timing | Interval between Applications (days) | Pre-Harvest Interval (days) |
|-----------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| | Common Name | Scientific Name | | | | |
| Tree nuts | Botryosphaeria panicle and shoot blight | <i>Botryosphaeria dothidea</i> | 5.0-7.6 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the higher rates and/or shorter intervals. | 7-14 | 60 |
| | Alternaria late blight | <i>Alternaria alternata</i> | | | | |
| | Anthracnose | <i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i> <i>Glomerella cingulata</i> | | | | |
| | Scab | <i>Cladosporium carpophilum</i> <i>Cladosporium caryigenum</i> | | | | |
| | Shothole | <i>Wilsonomyces carpophilus</i> | | | | |
| | Eastern filbert blight | <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> | 7.6 | Begin fungicide applications preventatively. Continue as needed. When disease pressure is severe, use the shorter intervals. | 14-21 | |
| Christmas trees | Diplodia tip blight | <i>Diplodia pinea</i> | 13.4 | Apply specified dosage per acre or per 100 gallons of water as a full coverage, dilute spray as needed. Full coverage of the trees is essential for maximum control. Use of nonionic spray adjuvant is prescribed. Time applications appropriately for the specific disease being controlled. | 7-21 | N/A |
| | Lophodermium needlecast | <i>Lophodermium pinastri</i> | | | | |
| | Swiss needlecast | <i>Phaeocryptopus gaumannii</i> | | | | |
| | Stem and Cone Rusts | <i>Cronartium</i> spp. (Fusiform) <i>Peridermium</i> spp. <i>Endocronartium harknessii</i> (Gall) | | | | |
| | Tip blight | <i>Sirococcus strobilinus</i> | | | | |

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticides wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Non refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

Bayer (reg'd), the Bayer Cross (reg'd) and Broadform™ are registered trademarks of Bayer.

Produced for:
Bayer Environmental Science
A Division of Bayer CropScience LP
2 T. W. Alexander Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

The Bayer logo consists of the word "Bayer" in a classic, serif typeface.



Broadform™

GROUP 7 | 11 FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

| | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| FLUOPYRAM* | 21.40% |
| TRIFLOXYSTROBIN* | 21.40% |
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: | 57.20% |
| TOTAL: | 100.00% |

Contains 2.10 lbs fluopyram and 2.10 lbs trifloxystrobin per gallon
*(CAS Number 658066-35-4 and 141517-21-7)

EPA Reg. No. 432-1537

Suspension Concentrate

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete
Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For **MEDICAL** and **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies **ONLY** Call 24
Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577

For **PRODUCT USE** Information Call 1-800-331-2867

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Net Contents

12 Fl. Oz.

85758497

85761811A 180410AV1

Bayer

Produced for:

Bayer Environmental Science

A Division of Bayer CropScience LP

2 T. W. Alexander Drive

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

FIRST AID

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| If swallowed: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| If on skin or clothing: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| If inhaled: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. |

In case of emergency call toll free the Bayer CropScience Emergency Response Telephone No. 1-800-334-7577.
Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Treat Symptomatically.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

Surface Water Label Advisories

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluopyram.

Ground Water Advisory

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Run Off Management

Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

Bayer (reg'd), the Bayer Cross (reg'd) and Broadform™ are registered trademarks of Bayer.

PULL HERE TO OPEN



(01)00785740594919